FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

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PARTNERS
RONALD A LEVY, CPA
CRAIG A HARTZHEIM, CPA
HADLEY Y HUI, CPA
ALEXANDER C HOM. CPA

ALEXANDER C HOM, CPA ADAM V GUISE, CPA TRAVIS J HOLE, CPA COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES 433 N. CAMDEN DR., SUITE 730 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90210 TEL: 310.273.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES 5800 HANNUM AVE., SUITE E CULVER CITY, CA 90230 TEL: 310.670.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Holtville Holtville, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Holtville (City), California, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Holtville, California, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows arising from cash transactions, where applicable thereof, for the fiscal year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statements effective July 1, 2013, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, Statement No. 66, *Technical Correction-2012*, Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis of Accounting

As discussed in Note 1 of the notes to the financial statements, the City prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is modified with respect to this matter as the financial statements are in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Financial Condition

The readers attention should be brought to Note 17, referring to the City's financial condition as of June 30, 2014.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules for the Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund and the Home Grant Special Revenue Fund that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information. Budgets were not adopted for the Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund or the Home Grant Special Revenue Fund.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules of the General Fund on pages 47 and 48, Local Transit Authority Special Revenue Fund on page 49, and Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Holtville's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor funds financial statements, nonmajor fund budgetary comparison schedules, and combining Private-purpose Trust Funds financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor funds financial statements, nonmajor fund budgetary comparison schedules, and combining Private-purpose Trust Funds financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issue our report dated March 31, 2015, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MOSS, LEVY & HARTZHEIM, LLP Culver City, California March 31, 2015 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities	 Total
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	1,015,871	\$	1,079,618	\$ 2,095,489
Cash and investments with fiscal agent				320,750	320,750
Restricted cash and investments				1,293,176	1,293,176
Internal balances		(710,856)		710,856	
Deposits receivable		438		599	1,037
Land held for resale		219,687			219,687
Loans receivable, net of allowance		2,362,891			 2,362,891
Total Assets		2,888,031		3,404,999	6,293,030
Liabilities:					
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year		19,431		349,937	369,368
Due in more than one year		233,595		9,706,957	 9,940,552
Total Liabilities		253,026		10,056,894	10,309,920
Net Position:					
Restricted for:					
Debt service				540,489	540,489
Other purposes		3,637,640			3,637,640
Unrestricted		(1,002,635)		(7,192,384)	 (8,195,019)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	2,635,005	\$	(6,651,895)	\$ (4,016,890)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

					Progr	am Revenue	es		
						perating		Capital	
				harges for	Contributions		Contribution		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	an	d Grants	г	and Grants	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	971,274	\$	6,699	\$	6,348	\$	-	
Public safety		1,349,754		17,520		183,217			
Public works		2,694,005		84,381				1,853,375	
Community development		1,981		10,395		2,364			
Total Governmental Activities		5,017,014		118,995		191,929		1,853,375	
Business-type Activities:									
Water		1,194,819		1,614,420					
Sewer		2,963,258		1,464,356				681,572	
Solid waste	204,937		246,636		·				
Total Business-type Activities		4,363,014	3,325,412					681,572	
Total Primary Government	\$	9,380,028	\$	3,444,407	\$	191,929	\$	2,534,947	
General Revenues and Transfers: Taxes: Secured and unsecured property taxes Utility users tax Sales and use tax Franchise tax Other tax Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted Use of money and property Other Contributions from private-purpose trust fund, unrestricted Transfers									
		al General R			isiers				
	Cha	nge in Net P	ositi	on					

Net Position (Deficit) at End of Fiscal Year

Prior Period Adjustments

Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Fiscal Year

Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Fiscal Year, Restated

Net (Expense) Changes in		
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
\$ (958,227) (1,149,017) (756,249) 10,778	\$ -	\$ (958,227) (1,149,017) (756,249) 10,778
(2,852,715)		(2,852,715)
	419,601 (817,330) 41,699	419,601 (817,330) 41,699
	(356,030)	(356,030)
(2,852,715)	(356,030)	(3,208,745)
115,512 467,584		115,512 467,584
601,157		601,157
140,884		140,884
43,068		43,068
482,748		482,748
19,616	3,042	22,658
36,029 100,000		36,029 100,000
250,000	(250,000)	100,000
2,256,598	(246,958)	2,009,640
(596,117)	(602,988)	(1,199,105)
3,231,122	(6,016,168)	(2,785,046)
	(32,739)	(32,739)
3,231,122	(6,048,907)	(2,817,785)
\$ 2,635,005	\$ (6,651,895)	\$ (4,016,890)

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2014

				Special Re	evenue Funds		
			C	ommunity		_	
		General	De	evelopment		Home	
		Fund	В	lock Grant		Grant	
		_				_	
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	169,369	\$	421,769	\$	-	
Deposits receivable		438					
Due from other funds		110,847					
Receivable from successor agency trust fund		219,687					
Loans receivable				1,120,027		4,559,770	
Total assets	\$	500,341	\$	1,541,796	\$	4,559,770	
Liabilities:							
Due to other funds	\$	43,249	\$	-	\$	20,419	
Total liabilities		43,249				20,419	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Unearned revenue - loans receivable				988,752		4,559,770	
	-			,		,,	
Total deferred inflows of resources				988,752		4,559,770	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		43,249		988,752		4,580,189	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		219,687					
Restricted		,,		553,044			
Unassigned		237,405		,		(20,419)	
T. (.16 . 11. 1 (1.6 (.)		457.002		552.044		(20, 410)	
Total fund balances (deficits)		457,092		553,044		(20,419)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	500,341	\$	1,541,796	\$	4,559,770	

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

	Authority Transport		Local Transit Authority		Transit Local FEMA ority Transportation Water Tank			Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$	- 448,666	\$	-	\$	424,733	\$	1,015,871 438 559,513 219,687 5,679,797		
\$		\$	448,666	\$	-	\$	424,733	\$	7,475,306		
\$	469,657	\$		\$	667,607	\$	69,437	\$	1,270,369		
	469,657				667,607		69,437		1,270,369		
									5,548,522		
									5,548,522		
	469,657				667,607		69,437		6,818,891		
	(469,657)		448,666		(667,607)		424,733 (69,437)		219,687 1,426,443 (989,715)		
·	(469,657)	-	448,666		(667,607)	-	355,296	- <u></u>	656,415		
\$		\$	448,666	\$	-	\$	424,733	\$	7,475,306		

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30,2014

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 656,415
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Certain loans receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are offset by unearned revenue in the governmental funds.	
Unearned revenue, loans receivable	5,548,522
Allowance for an uncollectible loan has been set up in the amount of	
\$3,316,906 for a certain loan receivable.	(3,316,906)
Long-term debt and compensated absences have not been included in the governmental funds.	
Claims payable	(193,188)
Compensated absences	 (40,407)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,654,436

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Special Revenue Funds				
			mmunity			
	General		elopment		Home	
	 Fund	Blo	ock Grant		Grant	
Revenues Collected:						
Taxes	\$ 1,159,612	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses, permits, and impact fees	815					
Fines and penalties	2,881					
Investment earnings	7,509		10,408		11	
Intergovernmental	665,965					
Charges for current services	115,299					
Other revenues collected	38,393					
Contributions from private-purpose trust fund	100,000					
Program income	 		7,004		10,289	
Total revenues collected	2,090,474		17,412		10,300	
Expenditures Paid:						
General government	917,071				52	
Public safety	1,339,057					
Public works	355,469					
Community development			1,026			
Capital outlay	 					
Total expenditures paid	2,611,597		1,026		52	
Excess of revenues collected over (under)						
expenditures paid	(521,123)		16,386		10,248	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	550,000					
Transfers out	 					
Total other financing sources (uses)	 550,000					
Net changes in fund balances	28,877		16,386		10,248	
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2013	428,215		536,658		(30,667)	
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2014	\$ 457,092	\$	553,044	\$	(20,419)	

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

Special Revenue Funds Local Transit Local Authority Transportation Fund Fund		nsit Local y Transportation		ital Projects Fund FEMA Vater Tank Fund	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 208,593	\$	1,368,205
							815
556		159			973		2,881 19,616
841,566		1,006,167			11,990		2,525,688
- ,		, ,			<i>y</i>		115,299
							38,393
							100,000
 							17,293
 842,122		1,006,326			 221,556		4,188,190
							917,123
					9,403		1,348,460
					97,944		453,413
1 500 610		607 00 <i>5</i>		02.260	6.025		1,026
 1,523,618		627,335		82,369	 6,835		2,240,157
 1,523,618		627,335		82,369	 114,182		4,960,179
 (681,496)		378,991		(82,369)	 107,374		(771,989)
(***					89,293		639,293
 (239,293)					 (150,000)		(389,293)
 (239,293)					 (60,707)		250,000
(920,789)		378,991		(82,369)	46,667		(521,989)
 451,132		69,675		(585,238)	 308,629		1,178,404
\$ (469,657)	\$	448,666	\$	(667,607)	\$ 355,296	\$	656,415

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (521,989)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities differ because:

Certain notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures and then offset by an unearned revenue as they are not available to pay current expenditures. Likewise, when the note is collected, it is reflected in revenue. This is the net change between notes receivable collected and issued.

(18,247)

The amount below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (required) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):

Increase in claims payable

(53,271)

Compensated absence expenditures reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the net change in compensated absences for the current period.

(2,610)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (596,117)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION

ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2014

			Enterprise	e Fu	nds	
	Water		Sewer	Sc	olid Waste	
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Totals
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 52,991	\$	1,026,627	\$	-	\$ 1,079,618
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	320,750					320,750
Restricted cash and investments	219,739		1,073,437			1,293,176
Deposits receivable			599			599
Due from other funds	710,856		109,719			820,575
Total assets	 1,304,336		2,210,382			3,514,718
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Due to other funds					109,719	109,719
Compensated absences	6,449		488			6,937
Current portion of long-term liabilities	 268,000		75,000			343,000
Total current liabilities	274,449		75,488		109,719	459,656
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Compensated absences	28,735		30,823			59,558
Bonds payable	 5,222,399		4,425,000			9,647,399
Total long-term liabilities	5,251,134		4,455,823			9,706,957
Total liabilities	5,525,583		4,531,311		109,719	10,166,613
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Restricted for debt service	540,489					540,489
Unrestricted	 (4,761,736)		(2,320,929)		(109,719)	(7,192,384)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (4,221,247)	\$	(2,320,929)	\$	(109,719)	\$ (6,651,895)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENSES PAID, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Funds							
	Water			Sewer	Sol	id Waste		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
Operating Revenues Collected: Charges for services	\$	1,614,420	\$	1,464,356	\$	246,636	\$	3,325,412
Total operating revenues collected		1,614,420		1,464,356		246,636		3,325,412
Operating Expenses Paid:								
Salaries and wages		296,870		247,816				544,686
Payroll expenses		112,901		86,355				199,256
Training, safety, and clothing		10,521		9,960				20,481
Materials, supplies, and services		522,568		233,876		204,937		961,381
Total operating expenses paid		942,860		578,007		204,937		1,725,804
Operating income arising from								
cash transactions		671,560		886,349		41,699		1,599,608
Non-Operating Revenues Collected (Expenses Paid):								
Investment earnings		532		2,510				3,042
Debt issuance costs				(35,000)				(35,000)
Interest expense		(251,959)		(161,492)				(413,451)
Capital outlay				(2,188,759)				(2,188,759)
Total non-operating revenues collected								
(expenses paid)		(251,427)		(2,382,741)				(2,634,168)
Income (loss) arising from cash transactions before transfers and capital contributions		420,133		(1,496,392)		41,699		(1,034,560)
Capital grants received				681,572				681,572
Transfers:								
Transfers out		(125,000)		(125,000)				(250,000)
Changes in net position		295,133		(939,820)		41,699		(602,988)
Net position (deficit), beginning of the fiscal year	((4,516,380)		(1,348,370)	((151,418)		(6,016,168)
Prior period adjustments				(32,739)				(32,739)
Net position (deficit), beginning of fiscal year, restated	((4,516,380)		(1,381,109)	((151,418)		(6,048,907)
Net position (deficit), end of the fiscal year	\$ ((4,221,247)	\$	(2,320,929)	\$	(109,719)	\$	(6,651,895)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Enterpri	se Fu	inds	
	 Water	Sewer	S	olid Waste	
	Fund	 Fund		Fund	 Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Receipts from user charges	\$ 1,614,420	\$ 1,464,356	\$	246,636	\$ 3,325,412
Interfund loan receipts (disbursements)	(82,369)	41,699		(41,699)	(82,369)
Payments to suppliers	(645,990)	(330,790)		(204,937)	(1,181,717)
Payments for salaries	 (294,601)	 (241,938)			 (536,539)
Net Cash Provided by					
Operating Activities	 591,460	 933,327			 1,524,787
Cash Flows from Capital and Related					
Financing Activities:					
Acquisition and construction of					
capital assets		(2,188,759)			(2,188,759)
Capital grants received		681,572			681,572
Proceeds from debt issuance		4,500,000			4,500,000
Bond issue costs paid		(35,000)			(35,000)
Principal paid	(256,000)	(3,340,000)			(3,596,000)
Interest paid	 (251,959)	 (161,492)			 (413,451)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	 (507,959)	(543,679)			 (1,051,638)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital					
Financing Activities:					
Transfers paid	 (125,000)	 (125,000)			(250,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) from					
Non-Capital Financing Activities	 (125,000)	(125,000)			(250,000)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest received	532	2,510			3,042
Net Cash Provided (Used) from					
Investing Activities	532	2,510			3,042
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash	 				<u> </u>
equivalents	(40,967)	267,158			226,191
•	(10,207)	207,130			220,171
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	624 447	1 922 006			0.467.252
of fiscal year	 634,447	 1,832,906			 2,467,353
Cash and cash equivalents, end					
of fiscal year	\$ 593,480	\$ 2,100,064	\$	-	\$ 2,693,544
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:					
Cash and investments	\$ 52,991	\$ 1,026,627	\$	-	\$ 1,079,618
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	320,750				320,750
Restricted cash and investments	 219,739	 1,073,437			 1,293,176
Total cash and cash equivalents, end					
of fiscal year	\$ 593,480	\$ 2,100,064	\$		\$ 2,693,544

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

(Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Funds								
	Water			Sewer	er Solid Waste				
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Operating income	\$	671,560	\$	886,349	\$	41,699	\$	1,599,608	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income									
to net cash provided by									
operating activities:									
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) decrease in deposits receivable				(599)				(599)	
(Increase) decrease in due from									
other funds		(82,369)		41,699				(40,670)	
Increase (decrease) in due to									
other funds						(41,699)		(41,699)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated									
absences		2,269		5,878				8,147	
Net Cash Provided									
by Operating Activities	\$	591,460	\$	933,327	\$	-	\$	1,524,787	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2014

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Restricted cash and investments Notes receivable Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 469,039 2,501,382 353,700 437,894
Total assets	3,762,015
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources	94,074
Total deferred outflows of resources	94,074
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	3,856,089
LIABILITIES	
Payable to City of Holtville Long-term debt, due within one year Long-term debt, due in more than one year	219,687 140,000 6,100,000
Total liabilities	6,459,687
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Unrestricted	(2,603,598)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (2,603,598)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund					
Additions:						
Investment revenue	\$	9,750				
Tax and assessments		572,400				
Total Additions		582,150				
Deductions:						
Administration		6,051				
Interest expense		328,804				
Amortization expense		4,032				
Contributions to general fund		100,000				
Total deductions		438,887				
Change in net position		143,263				
Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2013		(2,602,860)				
Prior Period Adjustments		(144,001)				
Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2013, Restated		(2,746,861)				
Net Position (Deficit) - June 30, 2014	\$	(2,603,598)				

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The City of Holtville (City) is a municipal corporation, operating as a general law city, and governed by a city council of five members. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Holtville (the primary government) and its component unit. The component units discussed in Note 1-B are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present financial information for the City of Holtville (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entity, are in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City. Each blended component unit has a fiscal year end of June 30. The blended component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the City. There are no entities which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, criteria for discrete disclosure within these basic financial statements.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The Financing Authority (Authority) of the City of Holtville is governed by the City Council of the City of Holtville. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because the City Council is the governing board, and is able to impose its will on the Authority.

C. Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the financial activities of the overall City government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column.

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid, and Changes in Fund Balances Arising from Cash Transactions for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

Proprietary fund financial statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenses Paid, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows Arising from Cash Transactions for all proprietary funds.

Columns representing internal service funds are also presented in these statements. However, internal service fund balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary fund financial statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position.

D. Accounting Policies

The City of Holtville records transactions, and accordingly, these financial statements were prepared, using the modified cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The following are some of the ways that the modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require all governmental funds to use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues should be recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. The City of Holtville, however, recognizes revenue when it is received by the City.

Taxpayer-assessed income, gross receipts, and sales taxes are recognized when the revenue is received by the City. Refunds of such taxes are recognized when they are paid. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and should be recognized as revenue at that time. Anticipated refunds of such taxes are recorded as liabilities and reductions of revenue when they are measurable and their validity seems certain.

D. Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on long-term debt is recognized when due. The modified cash basis of accounting recognizes all expenditures when they are paid.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require all proprietary funds and government-wide reporting to use the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues should be recognized when they are earned, and their expenses should be recognized when they are incurred. The modified cash basis of accounting recognizes revenues when received and expenses when paid.

The purchase of capital items in the proprietary funds should be recorded as capital assets and depreciated under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; however, the City records these items as expenses when they are paid.

The purchase of capital assets should be capitalized and depreciated in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities under GASB Statement No. 34, however, under the modified cash basis of accounting, the City records these items as expenditures when paid.

E. Fund Accounting

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 defines major funds and requires that the City's major governmental type funds be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to or greater than ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total of all funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the activity in the City's CDBG revolving loan programs.

The **Home Grant Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for the activity in the City's HOME revolving loan programs.

The **Local Transit Authority Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for transportation projects funded through the Measure D funding. Measure D is Imperial County's local ½ cent sales tax transportation Measure. 95% of the funds from Measure D go directly to the cities and the County to pay for critical road repair projects. The other 5% is set aside for regional projects.

The **Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for local transportation projects which are funded in whole or in part through State and/or Federal funding sources specific to the transportation projects(s).

The **FEMA Water Tank Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the sole purpose of tracking the construction to replace the City's 1.5 million gallon water tank that was destroyed in an April, 2010 earthquake.

E. Fund Accounting (Continued)

The City reported the following major proprietary funds:

The **Water Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water treatment and distribution system. Revenues are primarily user charges. Rates are set periodically by the City Council.

The **Sewer Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment plant and collection facilities.

The **Solid Waste Fund** is used to account for residential and commercial garbage collection and disposal.

Additionally, the City reported the following fund type:

The **Private-Purpose Trust Funds** are used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency (former Redevelopment Agency).

F. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require all governmental funds to use the modified accrual basis of accounting and all proprietary fund types to use the accrual basis of accounting. The City of Holtville uses the modified cash basis of accounting for all fund types.

The modified cash basis of accounting recognizes all monies received as revenues at the time of receipt and all amounts paid as expenditures at the time of payment with the exception of the following:

- 1. Long-term notes and loans receivable are set up as assets and unearned revenue and note/loan payments received by the City are recorded as reductions of the asset and liability and program income when received.
- 2. Long term payables are set up as liabilities in the proprietary funds. Principal payments are recorded as reductions of the liabilities when made.

In accordance with GASB Statements Number 20 and 62, the City has opted to apply to the proprietary fund all applicable GASB pronouncements and all FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City is required by its municipal code to adopt an annual budget on or before June 30, which is the end of its fiscal year, for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during each fiscal year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer funds from one major expenditure category to another within the same department and fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended.

Budgeted revenue and expenditure amounts shown represent the City's originally-adopted budget adjusted for supplemental revenues and appropriations during the course of the fiscal year. Budget amounts, as adjusted, reported for the governmental funds of the City are adopted on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Budgets were not adopted for the Community Development Block Grant Fund, Home Grant Fund, FEMA Water Tank Fund, Homeland Security Fund, FEMA Fund, Façade Improvement Program Fund, CDBG Grant Sewer Study Fund or Business Assistance Loan Fund.

H. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not utilized by the City.

I. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. The City has adopted an investment policy which provides a means for investing the public funds held by the City. These investments are also allowed by the California Government Code.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are expensed when paid. This practice is contrary to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City does not maintain a complete accounting of capital assets. This practice is contrary to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

K. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include restricted and unrestricted cash.

L. Compensated Absences

Cash compensation for accrued vacation is generally not payable until the employee terminates employment with the City. Sick leave is only payable to management employees with ten years of service with the City. Cash compensation for unused sick leave is payable to a management employee only upon termination of employment with the City and the employee is compensated 25% of their accrued sick leave.

M. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Net Position and Fund Balance

In the Government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represent net position restricted by parties outside of the City (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments) and include unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets. The City's other restricted net position are temporarily restricted (ultimately expendable assets). All other net position is considered unrestricted.

At June 30, 2014, the City had recorded restricted net position in the Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities as follows:

	Go	Business-type Activities			
Restricted for:					
Debt service	\$	-	\$	540,489	
Community development		1,541,796			
HOME grant program		1,222,445			
Transportation		489,255			
Streets and roads		384,144			
Total Restricted	\$	3,637,640	\$	540,489	

O. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available.

Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

				Community											
			Ι	Development			Lo	ocal Transit		Local					
				Block Grant	Н	me Grant	4	Authority]	Γransportation	I	EMA Water		Nonmajor	
			Sp	ecial Revenue		Special		Special	S	pecial Revenue	,	Γank Capital	G	overnmental	
Fund Balances	Ger	neral Fund		Fund	Rev	enue Fund	Re	venue Fund		Fund	I	rojects Fund		Funds	Total
Nonspendable:															
Land held for resale	\$	219,687	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 219,687
Total Nonspendable		219,687													219,687
Restricted for:															
Community Development				553,044											553,044
Transportation										448,666				40,589	489,255
Streets and Roads														384,144	384,144
Total Restricted				553,044						448,666				424,733	1,426,443
Unassigned		237,405				(20,419)		(469,657)				(667,607)		(69,437)	(989,715)
Total Fund Balances	\$	457,092	\$	553,044	\$	(20,419)	\$	(469,657)	\$	448,666	\$	(667,607)	\$	355,296	\$ 656,415

P. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City has implemented the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 65, 66, 67, and 70 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 had an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 by requiring the removal of unamortized debt issuance costs from the Statement of Net Position and adding deferred inflows and outflows of resources (see Note 1Q, Note 8, and Note 15).

P. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 66

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 66, "Technical Correction - 2012." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," and GASB Statement No. 62 "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements." Since the release of these Statements, questions have arisen concerning differences between the provisions in Statement No. 54 and Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", regarding the reporting of risk financing activities. Questions also have arisen about differences between Statement No. 62 and Statements No. 13, "Accounting for Operating Leases with Scheduled Rent Increases", regarding the reporting of certain operating lease transactions, and No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Equity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues", concerning the reporting of the acquisition of a loan or a group of loans and the recognition of servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans" and No. 50 "Pension Disclosures" as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements No. 25 and No. 50 remain applicable to pension plans that are not administered through trusts covered by the scope of this Statement and to defined contribution plans that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 67 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 70

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve the recognition, measurement, and disclosure guidance for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are non-exchange transactions. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Q. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 65 the City recognizes deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Note 15 for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows of resources that the City has recognized.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 65 the City recognizes deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of fund balance by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Note 8 for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows of resources that the City has recognized.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance of total governmental funds and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of the reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities" are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The details of this difference are as follows:

Long-Term Debt Obligations	
Compensated Absences	\$ 59,838
Claims Payable	 193,188
	\$ 253,026

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balances and Net Position

Deficit net position of \$4,221,247, \$2,320,929, and \$109,719 exist in the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Solid Waste Fund, respectively. These deficits are due to the City not capitalizing capital outlay expenses in the Enterprise Funds. There are also deficit fund balances of \$20,419, \$469,657, \$667,607, \$25,281 \$9,414, \$10,943, \$2,661, \$13,461, and \$7,677 in the Home Grant Special Revenue Fund, Local Transit Authority Special Revenue Fund, FEMA Water Tank Special Revenue Fund, Bikepath Special Revenue Fund, Homeland Security Special Revenue Fund, Façade Improvement Program Special Revenue Fund, CDBG Grant Sewer Study Special Revenue Fund, and Business Assistance Loan Special Revenue Fund. The deficits are due to the City paying expenditures in advance of receiving revenues. The majority of these deficits are going to be repaid once reimbursements are received from the grantor, and if there are any outstanding deficits after the repayments, the General Fund should cover these deficits when the fund is closed out.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in departments/cost centers of individual funds are as follows:

FUND	APPROPRIATIONS EXPEN		ENDITURES	E	EXCESS	
Major Funds:						
General:						
General government	\$	831,669	\$	917,071	\$	85,402
Local Transit Authority Fund:						
Capital outlay		1,022,370		1,523,618		501,248
Local Transportation Fund:						
Capital outlay		185,500		627,335		441,835
Nonmajor Fund:						
Bikepath Special Revenue Fund:						
Public works		25,000		97,256		72,256

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are reported as follows in the Statement of Net Position Arising from Cash Transactions:

Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and investments	\$	2,095,489
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		320,750
Restricted cash and investments		1,293,176
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		469,039
Restricted cash and investments		2,501,382
Total	\$	6,679,836
Cash and investments held by the City at June 30, 2014 cons	sisted	of the following:
Cash and investments held by the City at June 30, 2014 cons Cash on hand	sisted \$	of the following:
• • •		_
Cash on hand		100
Cash on hand Cash deposits		100 4,623,125
Cash on hand Cash deposits Cash on deposit with the USDA		100 4,623,125 969,805

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy (continued)

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
	37/1		
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	\$50 million
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	5 years	None	None
Insured Deposits with Banks and Savings			
and Loans	N/A	None	15%
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	None	15%
Bankers Acceptance (must be dollar			
denominated)	9 months	40%	15%
Commercial Paper	6 months	15%	15%
Negotiable Time Certificates of Deposit	5 years	25%	15%
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	10%
Time deposits	N/A	25%	15%

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	\$50 million
Banker's Acceptances	270 days	40%	15%
Commercial Paper	180 days	15%	15%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	N/A	None	None
Money Market Accounts	N/A	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)								
Investment Type	Totals	12 Months Or Less	13 to 24 Months	25-36 Months	37-48 Months	More Than 48 Months			
State Investment Pool Held by Bond trustees:	\$ 297,017	\$ 297,017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Money Market Funds	789,789	789,789							
•	\$ 1,086,806	\$ 1,086,806	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

				Rati	ng as of F	iscal Year	End
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Exempt From Disclosure	AAA	AA	A	Not Rated
State Investment Pool Held by bond trustees:	\$ 297,017	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 297,017
Money Market Funds Total	789,789 \$1,086,806	N/A	\$ -	789,789 \$ 789,789	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 297,017

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There was no investment in any one issuer (other than money market funds and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of total City investments.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2014, \$2,199,422 of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENT – LAND HELD FOR RESALE

The City of Holtville has acquired a parcel of land as part of the foreclosure process as the result of non-payment on a note receivable held by the City. The City records these parcels as "land held for resale" in its financial records. The property is being carried at its net realizable value which is estimated to be equal to cost. At June 30, 2014, the net realizable value for land held for resale totaled \$219.687.

NOTE 6 – LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

Program loans receivable represent Housing Rehabilitation and Business Program loans, which were assigned to the City. The loans are secured by deeds of trust, which attach to the property until title to the property is transferred. Most of these loans are deferred, but there are a few that require monthly payments. Interest rates vary from 0% to 4%. The housing rehabilitation loans receivable total is \$2,342,880 as of June 30, 2014.

The City loaned Business Program loans to various business owners within the City. As of June 30, 2014, there is only one Business Program loan still outstanding. This loan is secured by a deed of trust. The terms of the loan call for monthly payments with an interest rate of 6%. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2014 is \$20,011.

On September 1, 2003, the City loaned Holtville Gardens, L.P. \$3,000,000 as part of the State of California HOME Investment Partnership Program to aid in the development and construction of an 81-unit apartment complex located at 950 Holt Avenue in the City of Holtville.

NOTE 6 – LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

The terms of the loan call for Holtville Gardens to make annual payments in the amount of 50% of the "Distributable Cash Flow" from the project within ninety (90) days following the end of each calendar year, with respect to the preceding year. The entire amount of the outstanding principal, with the accrued interest at 1%, shall be due and payable in fifty-five (55) years from September 1, 2003. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2014 is \$3,316,906. The fund financial statements reflect unearned revenue in the amount of \$3,316,906 to offset this note receivable, which includes interest. On the statement of net position the City has set up an allowance of \$3,316,906 as of June 30, 2014.

Total program loans receivable outstanding at June 30, 2014 is \$5,679,797, and the fund financial statements reflect unearned revenue of \$5,548,522 to offset the unearned portion of these loans receivable.

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level, and consist of secured, unsecured, and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices relating to property taxes.

Property Valuations - are established by the Assessor of the County of Imperial for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls; the utility property tax roll is valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution (Proposition 13 adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978), properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2%. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax Levies - are limited to 1% of full value which results in a tax rate of \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation, under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

Tax Levy Dates - are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends on June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

Tax Collections - are the responsibility of the county tax collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments: the first is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments.

Tax Levy Apportionments - Due to the nature of the City-wide maximum levy, it is not possible to identify general purpose tax rates for specific entities. Under state legislation adopted subsequent to the passage of Proposition 13, apportionments to local agencies are made by the county auditor-controller based primarily on the ratio that each agency represented of the total City-wide levy for the three years prior to fiscal year 1979.

Property Tax Administration Fees - The State of California FY 90-91 Budget Act authorized counties to collect an administrative fee for collection and distribution of property taxes. Property taxes are recorded net of administrative fees withheld during the fiscal year.

NOTE 8 – DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

At June 30, 2014, components of deferred inflows of resources – note receivable reported in the fund financial statements were \$988,752 and \$4,559,770 in the Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund and Home Grant Special Revenue Fund, respectively.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Business-type Activities

1999 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds

On February 1, 1999, the Holtville Financing Authority issued \$4,380,000 of 1999 Revenue Refunding Bonds for the purpose of enabling the Authority to defease the 1991 Revenue Bonds, to fund a reserve account for the bonds, and to pay bond issuance costs.

The bonds are payable from revenues consisting primarily of installment payments, which amounts are designed to be sufficient in both time and amount to pay, when due, the principal and interest payable with respect to the bonds. In the Installment Sale Agreement, the City covenants to fix, prescribe, revise, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the service and facilities furnished by the Water Enterprise during each fiscal year, which are at least sufficient to pay for all operation and maintenance costs of the Water Enterprise, the installment payments, and amounts required to restore the balance in the bond reserve account to its reserve requirement.

The 1999 Water Refunding Bonds are serviced by a lien on the gross revenues from water service charges and are not subject to the limit on bonded debt.

The refunding bond issue matures from December 1, 2002 to December 1, 2021 with interest rates from 3.75% to 5.00%. The future debt service requirements on the 1999 series Water Revenue Refunding Bonds are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2015	\$ 215,000	\$ 97,375	\$ 312,375
2016	225,000	86,375	311,375
2017	240,000	74,750	314,750
2018	250,000	62,500	312,500
2019	260,000	62,500	322,500
2020-2022	 865,000	 49,750	 914,750
	\$ 2,055,000	\$ 433,250	\$ 2,488,250

2009A and 2009B Water Revenue Bonds (USDA)

On July 1, 2009, the Holtville Public Financing Authority issued Water Revenue Bonds (USDA), Series A, in the amount of \$3,401,000 and Water Revenue Bonds (USDA), Series B, in the amount of \$833,000.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Business-type Activities (Continued)

2009A and 2009B Water Revenue Bonds (USDA)

The bonds are payable from monies to be derived from installment payments, to be made by the City from net revenues of the water system, which amounts are designed to be sufficient in both time and amount to pay, when due, the principal and interest payable with respect to the bonds. In the Installment Sale Agreement, the City covenants to fix, prescribe, revise, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the service and facilities furnished by the Water Enterprise during each fiscal year, which are at least sufficient to pay for all operation and maintenance costs of the Water Enterprise and the installment payments.

The 2009A and 2009B Water Revenue Bonds are serviced by a lien on the gross revenues from water service charges and are not subject to the limit on bonded debt.

The 2009A bond issue matures each July 1 beginning in 2010 with final maturity in the fiscal year 2049. The interest rate is 4.25%. Future minimum debt service payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending June 30,	Princ	ipal		nterest	 Total
2015	\$ 4	0,000	\$	137,565	\$ 177,565
2016	4	1,000		135,844	176,844
2017	4	3,000		134,428	177,428
2018	4	5,000		132,188	177,188
2019	4	7,000		132,188	179,188
2020-2024	26	7,000		630,239	897,239
2025-2029	32	8,000		569,704	897,704
2030-2034	40	5,000		495,523	900,523
2035-2039	49	9,000		403,351	902,351
2040-2044	61	5,000		290,126	905,126
2045-2049	75	6,000		150,750	906,750
2050	17	1,000		106,367	 277,367
	\$ 3,25	7,000	\$ 3	3,318,273	\$ 6,575,273

The 2009B bond issue matures each July 1 beginning in 2010 with final maturity in the fiscal year 2026. The interest rate is 2.625%. Future minimum debt service payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	I	Principal	ī	nterest	Total
Ending June 30,		Tilicipai		nterest	 Total
2015	\$	13,000	\$	4,511	\$ 17,511
2016		13,000		4,170	17,170
2017		14,000		3,826	17,826
2018		14,000		3,448	17,448
2019		14,000		3,080	17,080
2020-2024		79,000		9,436	88,436
2025-2026		31,399		789	32,188
	\$	178,399	\$	29,260	\$ 207,659

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Business-type Activities (Continued)

2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds

On December 9, 2013, the City issued \$4,500,000 of 2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds (USDA) for the purpose of refunding the 2003 Sewer Revenue Bonds and 2011 Subordinate Sewer Revenue Notes, to provide a portion of the financing cost of the Outfall Main Project, and pay the costs of issuance. The outstanding principal balance at June 30, 2014 is \$4,500,000.

The bonds are payable from monies to be derived from installment payments, to be made by the City from net revenues of the sewer system, which amounts are designed to be sufficient in both time and amount to pay, when due, the principal and interest payable with respect to the bonds. In the Installment Sale Agreement, the City covenants to fix, prescribe, revise, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the service and facilities furnished by the Sewer Enterprise during each fiscal year, which are at least sufficient to pay for all operation and maintenance costs of the Sewer Enterprise and the installment payments.

The 2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds are serviced by a lien on the gross revenues from sewer service charges and are not subject to the limit on bonded debt.

As of June 30, 2014, the USDA is holding \$969,805 of bond proceeds, that can be requested by the City as needed.

Interest on the 2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds is 2% and repayments commence December 1, 2014 with final maturity on December 1, 2052. Future minimum debt service payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	D 1	Todonosia	Tr. 4.1
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 75,000	\$ 89,250	\$ 164,250
2016	79,000	87,710	166,710
2017	80,000	86,120	166,120
2018	82,000	84,500	166,500
2019	83,500	82,845	166,345
2020-2024	443,250	388,247	831,497
2025-2029	490,000	341,625	831,625
2030-2034	541,000	290,105	831,105
2035-2039	598,250	233,193	831,443
2040-2044	662,000	170,220	832,220
2045-2049	730,500	100,675	831,175
2050-2053	635,500	25,675	661,175
	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 1,980,165	\$ 6,480,165

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. The following is a summary of Long-Term Debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

Governmental activities		Balance ly 1, 2013	 Additions	I	Deletions	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2014	(Due in one year
Compensated absences Claims payable	\$	57,228 139,917	\$ 33,460 58,994	\$	30,850 5,723	\$	59,838 193,188	\$	19,431
	\$	197,145	\$ 92,454	\$	36,573	\$	253,026	\$	19,431
Business-type activities	'								
Compensated absences 1999 Water Revenue	\$	58,347	\$ 36,655	\$	28,507	\$	66,495	\$	6,937
Refunding Bonds 2003 Sewer Revenue Bonds		2,260,000 1,680,000			205,000 1,680,000		2,055,000		215,000
2009A Water Revenue Bonds		3,295,000			38,000		3,257,000		40,000
2009B Water Revenue Bonds		191,399			13,000		178,399		13,000
2011 Subordinate Sewer Revenue Notes		1,660,000			1,660,000				
2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds			 4,500,000				4,500,000		75,000
	\$	9,144,746	\$ 4,536,655	\$	3,624,507	\$	10,056,894	\$	349,937

NOTE 10 – INTERFUND AND TRUST FUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. Normally, these balances occur as a result of expenditures/ expenses being paid prior to receiving revenue which causes a deficit in pooled cash.

As of June 30, 2013, the former Redevelopment Special Revenue Fund (Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust fund) had advanced the City's Water Fund \$191,860, at a 0% interest rate, with the amount to be repaid from surplus funds on hand in the City's Water Fund, which are available after paying debt service on existing obligations secured by revenues of the water system and maintenance and operation expenses of the water system. The former Redevelopment Special Revenue Fund (Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust fund) provided the advance to the Water Fund for the purpose of funding a reserve account, in relation to the United States Department of Agriculture loan payable incurred by the Water Fund.

As of June 30, 2014, the former Redevelopment Special Revenue Fund (Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust fund) owed the City's General Fund \$219,687, in relation to monies that were never transferred from the former Redevelopment Agency bank account to the City's bank account for administration in prior fiscal years.

The composition of receivable and payable balances in the Private-Purpose Trust Fund, as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND AND TRUST FUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

A. Receivable and Payable in Private-Purpose Trust Fund

	R	eceivable	Payable
Fiduciary Fund:		_	_
RDA Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	\$	-	\$ 219,687
Major Governmental Fund:			
General Fund		219,687	
	\$	219,687	\$ 219,687

B. Due to/from other funds

Receivables and payables between funds are classified as due from or due to other funds. Due from and due to other funds are usually a result of a shortfall of pooled cash within the respective fund.

	-	Interfund eceivables	-	Interfund Payables
Governmental Funds:				
Major Funds:				
General	\$	110,847	\$	43,249
Home Grant				20,419
Local Transit Authority				469,657
Local Transportation		448,666		
FEMA Water Tank				667,607
Nonmajor Funds:				
Special Revenue Funds:				
Bikepath				25,281
Homeland Security				9,414
FEMA				10,943
Façade Improvement Program				2,661
CDBG Grant Sewer Study				13,461
Business Assistance Loan				7,677
Proprietary Funds:				
Major Funds:				
Water		710,856		
Sewer		109,719		
Solid Waste				109,719
	\$	1,380,088	\$	1,380,088

NOTE 10 – INTERFUND AND TRUST FUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

C. Interfund transfers

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, reimbursement of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues.

Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Tr	ansfers In	Tra	239,293 150,000 125,000 125,000 639,293
Governmental Funds:				
Major Funds:				
General	\$	550,000	\$	=
Local Transit Authority				239,293
Nonmajor Funds:				
Special Revenue Funds:				
Gas Tax		89,293		150,000
Proprietary Funds:				
Major Funds:				
Water				125,000
Sewer				125,000
	\$	639,293	\$	639,293

NOTE 11 – SELF-FUNDED INSURANCE COVERAGE

The City provides for workers' compensation and liability insurance through a self-funded joint powers agency, Public Entity Risk Management Authority (PERMA), formerly Coachella Valley Joint Powers Insurance Authority. The PERMA accounts are separately maintained for each participant. The City's share of retained earnings of the liability fund is \$0 and \$537,631 for the workers' compensation fund.

Summary financial information for the funds of the PERMA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Workers' Compensation	Liability
Total assets	\$ 16,295,198	\$ 20,936,567
Total liabilities	14,700,171	3,890,666
Net position	1,595,027	17,045,901
Total revenues	2,056,216	5,609,481
Total expenditures	2,163,789	4,232,297
Net increase (decrease) in net position	(107,573)	1,377,184

NOTE 11 – SELF-FUNDED INSURANCE COVERAGE (CONTINUED)

Claims, expenditures, and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Those losses do include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. At June 30, 2014, the amount of these liabilities was \$193,188. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information.

The separate financial statements of PERMA may be obtained by writing: PERMA, 77-670 Springfield Lane, Suite 1A, Palm Desert, CA, 92211, or phone (760) 360-3264.

NOTE 12 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City of Holtville has a deferred compensation plan for its employees in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Plan participation is available to substantially all employees and includes that portion of an employee's regular compensation designated by the employee for deferral up to a maximum of \$17,500 or one-third of a participant's annual compensation, whichever is lesser. The compensation which is deferred is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 13 - PENSION TRUST FUND - RETIREMENT PLAN

The City converted its Money Purchase Plan to a Profit Sharing Plan. The Plan is a "salary reduction plan" under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The plan provides for mandatory employee contributions of 3 percent of compensation. The City's contributions are 10 percent of covered compensation. Employees are fully vested at 7 years of service.

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

On November 6, 2012, the City was notified that it must repay \$11,642 of Activity Delivery funds expended from grant #08-EDEF-5785. As of the date of these financial statements, the City has yet to repay the funds.

On June 10, 2013, the City Council approved a contract with Hazard Construction Company for SAFETEA-LU demo bridge in the amount of \$727,945. As of June 30, 2014, \$641,122 had been paid to the contractor.

The City has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

The City is involved in pending lawsuits of a nature common to many similar jurisdictions. City management estimates the potential claims against the City, not covered by insurance, will be immaterial to the financial statements.

Proposition 218, which was approved by the voters in November 1996, will regulate the City's ability to impose, increase, and extend taxes, assessments, and fees. Any new, increased, or extended taxes, assessments, and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments, and fees are subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in the future by voters. Therefore, the City's ability to finance the services for which the taxes, assessments, and fees were imposed may be significantly impaired. At this time, it is uncertain how Proposition 218 will affect the City's ability to maintain or increase the revenue from taxes, assessments, and fees.

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

On January 20, 2011, a Settlement Agreement and Stipulation for entry of Administrative Civil Liability Order (Order) was entered into by and between the Regional Water Quality Control Board (Board) and the City of Holtville (City). The Order was for a total amount of \$79,828, which included \$63,000 in mandatory minimum penalties, \$10,828 in discretionary civil liabilities, and staff costs of \$6,000. The City paid \$16,828 in April 2011. Continued communication between the Board and the City, along with meeting milestones toward completion, will allow for the remaining \$63,000 to be suspended pending completion of the Compliance Project by December 31, 2015.

NOTE 15 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY:

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Holtville that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or other unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets units they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 9, 2012, the City elected to become the Successor Agency for the former Holtville Redevelopment Agency.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence as the date of the dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs that State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the state Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

On May 9, 2005, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned Holtville Gardens, L.P. \$200,000 to aid in the development and construction of an 81-unit apartment complex located at 950 Holt Avenue in the city of Holtville. The terms of the loan call for Holtville Gardens to make annual payments in the amount of 50% of the Distributable Cash Flow" from the project within ninety (90) days following the end of each calendar year, with respect to the preceding year. The entire amount of the outstanding principal, with the accrued interest at 5%, shall be due and payable in full thirty (30) years from May 9, 2005. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2014 was \$290,000.

NOTE 15 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED):

On June 1, 2005, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned the 99 Cent Plus Center \$120,000. The terms of the loan call for the 99 Cent Plus Center to make monthly payments of \$1,013 for 15 years, with an interest rate of 6%. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2014 was \$63,700.

The former Redevelopment Agency recorded a deferred loss on refunding from the issuance of its 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$120,952. The amortization period is 360 months, and accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2014 was \$26,880.

As of June 30, 2014, the Successor Agency held land in the amount of \$437,894 which consisted of vacant land purchased in December 2007 that was originally intended to be sold for future development.

Accounting gains or losses resulting from advance refunding of long-term debt is deferred in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23 and No. 65 Deferred amount on bond refunding are amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or refunded debt. The deferred loss on refunding balance at June 30, 2014 was \$94,074 on the Statement of Net Position Arising from Cash Transactions for Private-Purpose Trust Fund related to the 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds.

Long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

2007 Tax Allocation Bonds - Former Community Development Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

On October 31, 2007, the Redevelopment Agency issued Holtville Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2007, in an amount of \$6,990,000.

The bonds were issued to (a) refund the 1993 Tax Allocation Bonds, (b) fund a reserve fund, and (c) pay certain costs in connection therewith.

The Bonds mature annually each November 1 from 2008 to 2037, in amounts ranging from \$125,000 to \$445,000 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.40%. Interest is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1.

The Bonds maturing November 1, 2018 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity, at the option of the Agency, as a whole or in part on any date, from any source of available funds on or after November 1, 2017 at the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium.

The Bonds maturing on November 1, 2027 and November 1, 2037 are subject to mandatory redemption by lot prior to maturity from mandatory sinking account installments on each November 1 at the principal amount thereof and accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption, without premium. In lieu of mandatory sinking account redemption, the Indenture permits the purchase of Term Bonds on the open market. The par amount of Term Bonds so purchased by the Agency and surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation in any 12-month period ending thirty (30) days prior to any November 1 in any year shall be credited toward and shall reduce the principal amount of Bonds required to be redeemed on the following November 1.

NOTE 15 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTNUED):

2007 Tax Allocation Bonds - Former Community Development Agency Tax Allocation Bonds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending						
June 30,	Principa Principa	<u>al</u>	Interest		Total	
2015	\$ 140	\$	322,923	\$	462,923	
2016	145	5,000	316,634		461,634	
2017	155	5,000	309,882		464,882	
2018	160	,000	302,636		462,636	
2019	165	6,000	295,038		460,038	
2020-2024	970	0,000	1,340,828		2,310,828	
2025-2029	1,245	5,000	1,053,026		2,298,026	
2030-2034	1,615	5,000	671,625		2,286,625	
2035-2038	1,645	5,000	183,465		1,828,465	
	\$ 6,240	\$,000	4,796,057	\$	11,036,057	
	Balance				Balance	Due
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletio	ns	June 30, 2014	one ye
x Allocation Bonds	\$ 6,375,000	\$ -	\$ 135	,000	\$ 6,240,000	\$ 140,
	\$ 6,375,000	\$ -	\$ 135	,000	\$ 6,240,000	\$ 140,

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

2007

On July 14, 2014, the City Council approved a contract with HDR, Inc. for construction management services for the Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvement Project, in the amount of \$1,073,000.

On July 18, 2014, the City Council approved a contract with the Holt Group for construction management services for the 9th Street Improvement Project, in the amount of \$37,728 and a contract with Pyramid Construction and Aggregates, Inc. for construction services for the 9th Street Improvement Project, in the amount of \$275,929.

On August 25, 2014, the City Council approved an agreement with the North American Development Bank for the Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvement Project for a grant with a not-to-exceed amount of \$3,559,910.

On August 25, 2014, the City Council approved a contract with the Holt Group for construction management services for the 4th Street Improvement Project, in the amount of \$65,820, and a contract with Hazard Construction for construction services for the 4th Street Improvement Project, in the amount of \$479,575.

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the City's management has reviewed all known events that have occurred after June 30, 2014, and through March 31, 2015, the date when this financial statement was available to be issued, for inclusion in the financial statement and footnotes.

CITY OF HOLTVILLE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

NOTE 17 – FINANCIAL CONDITION

The City's governmental activities unrestricted net position has a deficit of \$1,002,635 at June 30, 2014. The City is currently working on a plan to control expenditures in all departments which will assist in increasing the deficit unrestricted net position to a positive amount.

The City's business-type activities net position has a deficit of \$6,651,895 at June 30, 2014, which includes deficit net position of \$4,221,247 in the Water Fund, \$2,320,929 in the Sewer Fund, and \$09,719 in the Solid Waste Fund. As of June 30, 2014, the City's General Fund had temporarily loaned \$110,847 to other funds that had negative cash balances as of June 30, 2014, the Sewer Fund had temporarily loaned \$109,719 to the Solid Waste Fund which had negative cash as of June 30, 2014, and the Water Fund temporarily loaned \$667,607 to the FEMA Water Tank Capital Projects Fund which had negative cash as of June 30, 2014. Continued deficits and negative cash balances can result in a going concern and compliance issues with debt covenants. Additionally, future capital improvements and operations could be affected if continued deficits occur.

The City's governmental funds have a decrease in fund balances of \$521,989, resulting in remaining fund balances of \$654,415 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. If the City's finances do not improve in FY 2014-15, the fund balances of the City's governmental funds could be reduced to a small or negative amount. The City is currently working on a plan to control expenditures and request reimbursements timely to assist with cash flows.

NOTE 18 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A prior period adjustment of (\$32,739) was made on the statement of activities arising from cash transactions for business-type activities for an overstatement of deferred charges in the prior fiscal year. This was a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65.

A prior period adjustment of (\$144,001) was made on the statement of change in fiduciary net position arising from cash transactions for an overstatement of deferred charges in the prior fiscal year. This was a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Collected				
Taxes:				
Secured and unsecured property taxes	\$ 111,500	\$ 111,500	\$ 115,512	\$ 4,012
Utility users taxes	476,000	476,000	467,583	(8,417)
Sales and use taxes	460,000	460,000	392,565	(67,435)
Franchise taxes	129,300	129,300	140,884	11,584
Other taxes	26,000	26,000	43,068	17,068
Licenses and permits	775	775	815	40
Fines and penalties	2,400	2,400	2,881	481
Investment revenue collected	8,750	8,750	7,509	(1,241)
Intergovernmental revenue collected	642,892	642,892	665,965	23,073
Charges for current services	90,000	90,000	115,299	25,299
Contributions from private-purpose trust fund	100,000	100,000	100,000	
Other revenues collected	38,250	38,250	38,393	143
Total revenues collected	2,085,867	2,085,867	2,090,474	4,607
Expenditures Paid				
General Government:				
City council	34,904	34,904	31,573	3,331
City manager	204,385	204,385	208,480	(4,095)
Planning	79,000	79,000	142,629	(63,629)
Engineering	15,000	15,000	89,662	(74,662)
City clerk	81,745	81,745	78,952	2,793
Finance office	187,935	187,935	204,013	(16,078)
City treasurer	1,950	1,950	1,938	12
City attorney	80,000	80,000	48,571	31,429
Non-departmental	146,750	146,750	111,253	35,497
Total general government	831,669	831,669	917,071	(85,402)
Public Safety:				
Police department	807,520	807,520	787,122	20,398
Dispatch services	114,100	114,100	110,994	3,106
Animal control	20,747	20,747	18,393	2,354
Fire department	429,559	429,559	422,548	7,011
Total public safety	1,371,926	1,371,926	1,339,057	32,869

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Expenditures Paid (continued)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	W] H	Variance (ith Final Budget Positive Jegative)
Public Works:					
Street maintenance	\$ 110,433	\$ 110,433	\$ 92,456	\$	17,977
Parks maintenance	200,867	200,867	184,639		16,228
Building maintenance	63,500	63,500	78,374		(14,874)
Total public works	374,800	374,800	355,469		19,331
Total expenditures paid	2,578,395	 2,578,395	2,611,597		(33,202)
Excess of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures paid	(492,528)	(492,528)	(521,123)		(28,595)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	550,000	550,000	550,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	550,000	550,000	550,000		
Net change in fund balance	57,472	57,472	28,877		(28,595)
Fund balance - July 1, 2013	428,215	 428,215	428,215		
Fund balance - June 30, 2014	\$ 485,687	\$ 485,687	\$ 457,092	\$	(28,595)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Collected:				
Investment earnings	\$ 600	\$ 600	\$ 556	\$ (44)
Intergovernmental	460,000	460,000	841,566	381,566
Total revenues collected	460,600	460,600	842,122	381,522
Expenditures Paid:				
Capital outlay	1,022,370	1,022,370	1,523,618	(501,248)
Total expenditures paid	1,022,370	1,022,370	1,523,618	(501,248)
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures paid	(561,770)	(561,770)	(681,496)	(119,726)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(150,000)	(150,000)	(239,293)	(89,293)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(239,293)	(89,293)
Net change in fund balance	(711,770)	(711,770)	(920,789)	(209,019)
Fund balance, July 1, 2013	451,132	451,132	451,132	
Fund balance (deficit), June 30, 2014	\$ (260,638)	\$ (260,638)	\$ (469,657)	\$ (209,019)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND

							V	Variance Vith Final Budget	
	C	Original		Final				Positive	
	Budget		Budget			Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues Collected:									
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	159	\$	159	
Intergovernmental		187,100		187,100		1,006,167		819,067	
Total revenues collected		187,100		187,100		1,006,326		819,226	
Expenditures Paid:									
Capital outlay		185,500		185,500		627,335		(441,835)	
Total expenditures paid		185,500		185,500		627,335		(441,835)	
Excess of revenues collected over									
(under) expenditures paid		1,600		1,600		378,991		377,391	
Net change in fund balance		1,600		1,600		378,991		377,391	
Fund balance, July 1, 2013		69,675		69,675		69,675			
Fund balance, June 30, 2014	\$	71,275	\$	71,275	\$	448,666	\$	377,391	



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June $30,\,2014$

		Specia	l Revenue	e Funds			
	Gas Tax Fund	 Bikepath Fund		omeland Security Fund	FEMA Fund		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 384,144	\$ 	\$	-	\$		
Total assets	\$ 384,144	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ 25,281	\$	9,414	\$	10,943	
Total liabilities		 25,281		9,414		10,943	
Fund Balances:							
Restricted	384,144						
Unassigned		 (25,281)		(9,414)		(10,943)	
Total fund balances (deficit)	384,144	 (25,281)		(9,414)		(10,943)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 384,144	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	

		1	Special Reve						
	Façade				CDBG		usiness		
I	mprovement	Prop 42		Gr	ant Sewer	As	sistance		
	Program		Transportation		Study Fund		Loan		
	Fund	Fund					Fund		Totals
\$		\$	40,589	\$		\$		\$	424,733
\$	-	\$	40,589	\$		\$		\$	424,733
\$	2,661	\$	-	\$	13,461	\$	7,677	\$	69,437
	2,661				13,461		7,677		69,437
			40,589						424,733
	(2,661)				(13,461)		(7,677)		(69,437)
	(2,661)		40,589		(13,461)		(7,677)		355,296
\$	-	\$	40,589	\$	-	\$	-	\$	424,733

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds										
		Gas Tax Fund	E	Bikepath Fund	S	omeland ecurity Fund		FEMA Fund			
Revenues Collected: Taxes and other assessments Investment earnings Intergovernmental	\$	208,593 850	\$	23 5,642	\$	6,348	\$	-			
Total revenues collected		209,443		5,665		6,348					
Expenditures Paid: Public safety Public works Capital outlay		1,472		97,256		7,931 6,417		688 418			
Total expenditures paid		1,472		97,256		14,348		1,106			
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures paid		207,971		(91,591)		(8,000)		(1,106)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		89,293 (150,000)									
Total other financing sources (uses)		(60,707)									
Net changes in fund balances		147,264		(91,591)		(8,000)		(1,106)			
Fund balances (deficit), July 1, 2013		236,880		66,310		(1,414)		(9,837)			
Fund balances (deficit), June 30, 2014	\$	384,144	\$	(25,281)	\$	(9,414)	\$	(10,943)			

		S	pecial Rev	enue Fu	ınds			
	Façade			(CDBG	Bu	isiness	
Im	provement	Pro	p 42	Gra	nt Sewer	Ass	sistance	
I	Program	Transp	ortation		Study	I	Loan	
	Fund		ınd		Fund	I	Fund	Totals
\$	-	\$	100	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 208,593 973 11,990
			100					221,556
								9,403
								97,944
								 6,835
								 114,182
			100					 107,374
								89,293 (150,000)
								(60,707)
			100					46,667
-	(2,661)		40,489		(13,461)		(7,677)	308,629
\$	(2,661)	\$	40,589	\$	(13,461)	\$	(7,677)	\$ 355,296

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX FUND

		Final Budget		Actual	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues Collected:						
Taxes and other assessments	\$	163,197	\$	208,593	\$	45,396
Investment earnings		1,000		850		(150)
Total revenues collected		164,197		209,443		45,246
Expenditures Paid:						
Public safety				1,472		(1,472)
1 done surety				1,772		(1,772)
Total expenditures paid				1,472		(1,472)
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures paid	-	164,197	-	207,971		43,774
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in				89,293		89,293
Transfers out		(150,000)		(150,000)		
						,
Total other financing sources (uses)		(150,000)		(60,707)		89,293
Net change in fund balance		14,197		147,264		133,067
Fund balance, July 1, 2013		236,880		236,880		
Fund balance, June 30, 2014	\$	251,077	\$	384,144	\$	133,067

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BIKEPATH FUND

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Collected:							
Investment earnings	\$	250	\$	23	\$	(227)	
Intergovernmental		13,000		5,642		(7,358)	
Total revenues collected		13,250		5,665		(7,585)	
Expenditures Paid:							
Public works		25,000		97,256		(72,256)	
Total expenditures paid		25,000		97,256		(72,256)	
Net change in fund balance		(11,750)		(91,591)		(79,841)	
Fund balance, July 1, 2013		66,310		66,310	-		
Fund balance, June 30, 2014	\$	54,560	\$	(25,281)	\$	(79,841)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROP 42 TRANSPORTATION FUND

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Collected:					
Investment earnings	\$ 100	\$	100	\$	
Total revenues collected	 100		100		
Net change in fund balance	100		100		
Fund balance, July 1, 2013	 40,489		40,489		
Fund balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 40,589	\$	40,589	\$	-

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	RDA Low/Mod Successor Agency Fund	RDA Successor Agency Fund	Totals
ASSETS Cash and investments with fiscal agents Restricted cash and investments Notes receivable Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ - 2,330,817 290,000	\$ 469,039 170,565 63,700 437,894	\$ 469,039 2,501,382 353,700 437,894
Total assets	2,620,817	1,141,198	3,762,015
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred loss on refunding		94,074	94,074
Total deferred outflows of resources		94,074	94,074
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	2,620,817	1,235,272	3,856,089
LIABILITIES			
Payable to City of Holtville Long-term debt, due within one year Long-term debt, due in more than one year		219,687 140,000 6,100,000	219,687 140,000 6,100,000
Total liabilities		6,459,687	6,459,687
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Unrestricted	2,620,817	(5,224,415)	(2,603,598)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 2,620,817	\$ (5,224,415)	\$ (2,603,598)

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	RDA Low/Mod Successor Agency Fund	RDA Successor Agency Fund	Totals
Additions:			
Investment revenue	\$ 9,750	\$ -	\$ 9,750
Tax and assessments	-	572,400	572,400
Total Additions	9,750	572,400	582,150
Deductions:			
Administration	31	6,020	6,051
Interest expense		328,804	328,804
Amortization expense		4,032	4,032
Contributions to general fund		100,000	100,000
Total deductions	31	438,856	438,887
Change in net position before transfers	9,719	133,544	143,263
Transfers:			
Transfers in	1,617,939	130,000	1,747,939
Transfers out		(1,747,939)	(1,747,939)
Total transfers	1,617,939	(1,617,939)	
Change in net position	1,627,658	(1,484,395)	143,263
Net Position - July 1, 2013	993,159	(3,596,019)	(2,602,860)
Prior Period Adjustments		(144,001)	(144,001)
Net Position - July 1, 2013, Restated	993,159	(3,740,020)	(2,746,861)
Net Position (Deficit) - June 30, 2014	\$ 2,620,817	\$ (5,224,415)	\$ (2,603,598)