FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Holtville Holtville, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Holtville (City), California, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Holtville, California, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows arising from cash transactions, where applicable thereof, for the fiscal year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statements effective July 1, 2015, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Applications. Our opinion has not been modified with respect to these matters.

Basis of Accounting

As discussed in Note 1 of the notes to the financial statements, the City prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Financial Condition

The reader's attention should be brought to Note 16, referring to the City's financial condition as of June 30, 2016.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules for the Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund and the Home Grant Special Revenue Fund that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information. Budgets were not adopted for the Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund or the Home Grant Special Revenue Fund.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules of the General Fund on pages 47 and 48, Local Transit Authority Special Revenue Fund on page 49, and Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Holtville's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor funds financial statements, nonmajor fund budgetary comparison schedules, and combining Private-purpose Trust Funds financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor funds financial statements, nonmajor fund budgetary comparison schedules, and combining Private-purpose Trust Funds financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issue our report dated January 9, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mus, Leng V shatskin

MOSS, LEVY & HARTZHEIM, LLP Culver City, California January 9, 2017 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



CITY OF HOLTVILLE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		 Total
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	3,088,380	\$	1,943,497	\$ 5,031,877
Cash and investments with fiscal agent				320,750	320,750
Restricted cash and investments				324,043	324,043
Internal balances		(43,249)		43,249	
Deposits		8,916		6,250	15,166
Loans receivable, net of allowance		2,599,177			 2,599,177
Total Assets		5,653,224		2,637,789	 8,291,013
Liabilities:					
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year		27,224		384,518	411,742
Due in more than one year		264,560		8,980,061	9,244,621
Total Liabilities		291,784		9,364,579	9,656,363
Net Position:					
Restricted for:					
Debt service				644,793	644,793
Other purposes		4,282,109			4,282,109
Unrestricted		1,079,331		(7,371,583)	 (6,292,252)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	5,361,440	\$	(6,726,790)	\$ (1,365,350)

			Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Contributions and Grants		Capital ontributions and Grants		
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	882,210	\$	7,180	\$	-	\$	-		
Public safety		1,495,583		10,646		343,763				
Public works		684,186		90,442		7,685		1,316,128		
Community development		1,032		13,852	1	2,451				
Total Governmental Activities	_	3,063,011		122,120		353,899		1,316,128		
Business-type Activities:										
Water		1,081,117		1,544,891						
Sewer		3,588,227		1,499,641				2,803,534		
Solid waste		230,090		246,000	-					
Total Business-type Activities		4,899,434		3,290,532				2,803,534		
Total Primary Government	\$	7,962,445	\$	3,412,652	\$	353,899	\$	4,119,662		

Secured and unsecured property taxes

Utility users tax

Sales and use tax

Franchise tax

Other tax

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and property

Other

Contributions from private-purpose trust fund, unrestricted

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position before Extraordinary Item

Extraordinary Item

Loss on transfer of assets and liabilities

to RDA successor trust funds

Change in Net Position

Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Fiscal Year

Prior Period Adjustments

Net Position (Deficit) at Beginning of Fiscal Year, Restated

Net Position (Deficit) at End of Fiscal Year

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

Net (Expense) Changes in I			
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Totals
¢ (975.020)	¢.	¢	(975.020)
\$ (875,030)	\$ -	\$	(875,030)
(1,141,174) 730,069			(1,141,174) 730,069
15,271			15,271
(1,270,864)			(1,270,864)
(1,270,004)			(1,270,004)
	463,774		463,774
	714,948		714,948
	15,910		15,910
	1,194,632		1,194,632
(1,270,864)	1,194,632		(76,232)
106,256			106,256
479,255			479,255
518,089			518,089
124,239			124,239
32,460			32,460
514,190			514,190
20,389	10,915		31,304
825,591			825,591
241,000	(250,000)		241,000
250,000	(250,000)		• • • • • •
3,111,469	(239,085)		2,872,384
1,840,605	955,547		2,796,152
(219,687)			(219,687)
1,620,918			· ·
3,440,522	(7,682,337)		(4,241,815)
300,000	, , ,		300,000
3,740,522	(7,682,337)		(3,941,815)
\$ 5,361,440	\$ (6,726,790)	\$	(1,365,350)

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

		Special Revenue Funds				
			ommunity			
	General		evelopment		Home	
	 Fund	B	lock Grant		Grant	
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 1,286,343	\$	481,599	\$	209	
Restricted cash and investments						
Deposits	8,916					
Due from other funds	376,108					
Loans receivable	 12,400		1,073,477		4,580,204	
Total assets	\$ 1,683,767	\$	1,555,076	\$	4,580,413	
Liabilities:						
Due to other funds	\$ 43,249	\$	-	\$		
Total liabilities	 43,249					
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred revenue	 		966,772		4,580,204	
Total deferred inflows of resources			966,772		4,580,204	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	43,249		966,772		4,580,204	
Fund Balances:						
Restricted			481,599		209	
Nonspendable	12,400		106,705			
Unassigned	 1,628,118					
Total fund balances (deficits)	1,640,518		588,304		209	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,683,767	\$	1,555,076	\$	4,580,413	

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

	Special Rev	enue F	unds						
Lo	cal Transit		Local		Other	Total			
A	Authority	Tra	nsportation	Go	vernmental	Governmental			
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		
\$	881,060	\$	-	\$	\$ 439,169		3,088,380		
					210.000		8,916 376,108		
					310,000		5,976,081		
\$	881,060	\$		\$	749,169	\$	9,449,485		
\$		\$	352,309	\$	23,799	\$	419,357		
			352,309		23,799		419,357		
					310,000		5,856,976		
					310,000		5,856,976		
			352,309		333,799		6,276,333		
	881,060				439,169		1,802,037 119,105		
			(352,309)		(23,799)		1,252,010		
	881,060		(352,309)		415,370		3,173,152		
\$	881,060	\$		\$	749,169	\$	9,449,485		

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2016

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 3,173,152
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Certain loans receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures	
and, therefore are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental funds. Deferred revenue	5,856,976
Allowance for an uncollectible loan has been set up in the amount of	
\$3,376,904 for a certain loan receivable.	(3,376,904)
Long-term debt and compensated absences have not been included in the governmental funds.	
Claims payable	(231,286)
Compensated absences	 (60,498)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,361,440

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Special Revenue Funds					
		General Fund	Community Development Block Grant		Home Grant			
Revenues Collected:								
Taxes	\$	1,123,025	\$	-	\$	-		
Licenses, permits, and impact fees		6,895						
Fines and penalties		1,014						
Investment earnings		9,536		114		13		
Intergovernmental		857,953						
Charges for current services		114,211						
Other revenues collected		828,042						
Contributions from private-purpose trust fund		241,000						
Program income				24,191		10,318		
Total revenues collected		3,181,676		24,305		10,331		
Expenditures Paid:								
General government		776,971						
Public safety		1,485,276						
Public works		368,305						
Community development		,		1,026				
Capital outlay								
Total expenditures paid		2,630,552		1,026				
Excess of revenues collected over (under)								
expenditures paid		551,124		23,279		10,331		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		550,564				2		
Transfers out		(42,956)						
Total other financing sources (uses)		507,608				2		
Net changes in fund balances before								
Extraordinary Items		1,058,732		23,279		10,333		
Extraordinary Item								
Loss on transfer of assets and liabilities								
to RDA successor trust funds		(219,687)						
Net changes in fund balances		839,045				_		
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2015		801,473		565,025		(10,124)		
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2016	\$	1,640,518	\$	588,304	\$	209		

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

Special Rev	enue Fu	nds						
Local Transit Authority Fund		Local asportation Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$ -	\$ - \$ 137,274		137,274	\$	1,260,299 6,895 1,014			
348				378		10,389		
468,751		820,447		26,930		2,174,081 114,211 828,042 241,000 34,509		
469,099		820,447		164,582		4,670,440		
60		313,265 313,265				776,971 1,485,276 368,305 1,026 313,325 2,944,903		
 469,039		507,182		164,582		1,725,537		
40,025 (181,614)		31,614		42,954 (190,589)		665,159 (415,159)		
 (141,589)		31,614		(147,635)		250,000		
327,450		538,796		16,947		1,975,537		
						(219,687)		
						1,755,850		
 553,610		(891,105)		398,423		1,417,302		
\$ 881,060	\$	(352,309)	\$	415,370	\$	3,173,152		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,755,850

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities differ because:

Certain notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures and then offset by an unearned revenue as they are not available to pay current expenditures. Likewise, when the note is collected, it is reflected in revenue. This is the net change between notes receivable collected and issued.

(16,824)

The amount below, included in the Statement of Activities, does not provide (require) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as revenue or expenditure in governmental funds (net change):

Decrease in claims payable

(99.847)

Compensated absence expenditures reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the net change in compensated absences for the current period.

(18,261)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,620,918

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION

ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2016

		Enterprise Funds						
		Water		Sewer	Solid Waste			
		Fund		Fund	Fund		Totals	
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	279,300	\$	1,664,197	\$ -	\$	1,943,497	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		320,750					320,750	
Restricted cash and investments		220,223		103,820			324,043	
Deposits receivable				6,250			6,250	
Due from other funds		43,249		80,990			124,239	
Total assets		863,522		1,855,257			2,718,779	
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Due to other funds					80,990		80,990	
Compensated absences		3,730		3,788			7,518	
Current portion of long-term liabilities		297,000		80,000			377,000	
Total current liabilities		300,730		83,788	80,990		465,508	
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Compensated absences		33,569		34,093			67,662	
Bonds payable		4,646,399		4,266,000			8,912,399	
Total long-term liabilities		4,679,968		4,300,093			8,980,061	
Total liabilities		4,980,698		4,383,881	80,990		9,445,569	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Restricted for debt service		540,973		103,820			644,793	
Unrestricted		(4,658,149)		(2,632,444)	(80,990)		(7,371,583)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(4,117,176)	\$	(2,528,624)	\$ (80,990)	\$	(6,726,790)	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENSES PAID, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds						
	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste				
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals			
Operating Revenues Collected:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,544,891	\$ 1,499,641	\$ 246,000	\$ 3,290,532			
Total operating revenues collected	1,544,891	1,499,641	246,000	3,290,532			
Operating Expenses Paid:							
Salaries and wages	304,313	325,083		629,396			
Payroll expenses	110,258	88,688		198,946			
Training, safety, and clothing	16,902	12,975		29,877			
Materials, supplies, and services	423,247	283,567	230,090	936,904			
Total operating expenses paid	854,720	710,313	230,090	1,795,123			
Operating income arising from							
cash transactions	690,171	789,328	15,910	1,495,409			
Non-Operating Revenues Collected (Expenses Paid):							
Investment earnings	290	10,625		10,915			
Interest expense	(226,397)	(87,710)		(314,107)			
Capital outlay		(2,790,204)		(2,790,204)			
Total non-operating revenues collected							
(expenses paid)	(226,107)	(2,867,289)		(3,093,396)			
Income (loss) arising from cash transactions							
before transfers and capital contributions	464,064	(2,077,961)	15,910	(1,597,987)			
Capital grants received		2,803,534		2,803,534			
Transfers:							
Transfers out	(25,000)	(225,000)		(250,000)			
Changes in net position	439,064	500,573	15,910	955,547			
Net position (deficit),							
beginning of the fiscal year	(4,556,240)	(3,029,197)	(96,900)	(7,682,337)			
Net position (deficit), end of the fiscal year	\$ (4,117,176)	\$ (2,528,624)	\$ (80,990)	\$ (6,726,790)			

PROPRIETARY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds							
		Water		Sewer	Solid Waste			
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from user charges Interfund loan receipts (disbursements)	\$	1,544,891	\$	1,499,641 15,910	\$	246,000 (15,910)	\$	3,290,532
Payments to suppliers		(550,407)		(385,230)		(230,090)		(1,165,727)
Payments for salaries		(302,966)		(324,650)				(627,616)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		691,518		805,671				1,497,189
Cash Flows from Capital and Related								
Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of								
capital assets				(2,790,204)				(2,790,204)
Capital grants received		(2,803,534				2,803,534
Principal paid		(279,000)		(79,000)				(358,000)
Interest paid		(226,397)		(87,710)				(314,107)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(505,397)		(153,380)				(658,777)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital								
Financing Activities:								
Transfers paid		(25,000)		(225,000)				(250,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Non-Capital Financing Activities		(25,000)		(225,000)				(250,000)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Interest received		290		10,625				10,915
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Investing Activities		290		10,625				10,915
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		161,411		437,916				599,327
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of fiscal year		658,862		1,330,101				1,988,963
Cash and cash equivalents, end of fiscal year	\$	820,273	\$	1,768,017	\$		\$	2,588,290
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:								
Cash and investments	\$	279,300	\$	1,664,197	\$	-	\$	1,943,497
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		320,750						320,750
Restricted cash and investments		220,223		103,820				324,043
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of fiscal year	\$	820,273	\$	1,768,017	\$	-	\$	2,588,290
•		- 7		, -,	_			, ,, ,, , ,

(Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds								
		Water		Sewer	Solid Waste Fund				
		Fund		Fund				Totals	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Operating income	\$	690,171	\$	789,328	\$	15,910	\$	1,495,409	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income									
to net cash provided by									
operating activities:									
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) decrease in due from									
other funds				15,910				15,910	
Increase (decrease) in due to									
other funds						(15,910)		(15,910)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated									
absences		1,347		433				1,780	
Net Cash Provided (Used)									
by Operating Activities	\$	691,518	\$	805,671	\$		\$	1,497,189	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2016

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Restricted cash and investments Notes receivable Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 469,061 2,651,210 46,792 437,894
Total assets	3,604,957
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Loss on refunding of debt	86,009
Total deferred outflows of resources	86,009
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	3,690,966
LIABILITIES	
Long-term debt, due within one year Long-term debt, due in more than one year	155,000 5,800,000
Total liabilities	5,955,000
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Unrestricted	(2,264,034)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (2,264,034)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds				
Additions:					
Investment revenue	\$	44,093			
Tax and assessments		669,177			
Forgiveness of uncollectible debt		219,687			
Total Additions		932,957			
Deductions:					
Administration		243,885			
Interest expense		316,595			
Amortization expense		4,032			
Total deductions		564,512			
Change in net position		368,445			
Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2015		(2,332,479)			
Prior Period Adjustments		(300,000)			
Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2015, Restated		(2,632,479)			
Net Position (Deficit) - June 30, 2016	\$	(2,264,034)			

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The City of Holtville (City) is a municipal corporation, operating as a general law city, and governed by a city council of five members. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Holtville (the primary government) and its component unit. The component units discussed in Note 1-B are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present financial information for the City of Holtville (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entity, are in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City. Each blended component unit has a fiscal year end of June 30. The blended component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the City. There are no entities which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61, criteria for discrete disclosure within these basic financial statements.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The Financing Authority (Authority) of the City of Holtville is governed by the City Council of the City of Holtville. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because the City Council is the governing board, and is able to impose its will on the Authority.

C. Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the financial activities of the overall City government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column.

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid, and Changes in Fund Balances Arising from Cash Transactions for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

Proprietary fund financial statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenses Paid, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows Arising from Cash Transactions for all proprietary funds.

Fiduciary fund financial statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position.

D. Accounting Policies

The City of Holtville records transactions, and accordingly, these financial statements were prepared, using the modified cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The following are some of the ways that the modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require all governmental funds to use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues should be recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. The City of Holtville, however, recognizes revenue when it is received by the City.

Taxpayer-assessed income, gross receipts, and sales taxes are recognized when the revenue is received by the City. Refunds of such taxes are recognized when they are paid. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and should be recognized as revenue at that time. Anticipated refunds of such taxes are recorded as liabilities and reductions of revenue when they are measurable and their validity seems certain.

D. Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on long-term debt is recognized when due. The modified cash basis of accounting recognizes all expenditures when they are paid.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require all proprietary funds and government-wide reporting to use the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues should be recognized when they are earned, and their expenses should be recognized when they are incurred. The modified cash basis of accounting recognizes revenues when received and expenses when paid.

The purchase of capital items in the proprietary funds should be recorded as capital assets and depreciated under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; however, the City records these items as expenses when they are paid.

The purchase of capital assets should be capitalized and depreciated in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities under GASB Statement No. 34, however, under the modified cash basis of accounting, the City records these items as expenditures when paid.

E. Fund Accounting

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 defines major funds and requires that the City's major governmental type funds be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to or greater than ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total of all funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the activity in the City's CDBG revolving loan programs.

The **Home Grant Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for the activity in the City's HOME revolving loan programs.

The **Local Transit Authority Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for transportation projects funded through the Measure D funding. Measure D is Imperial County's local ½ cent sales tax transportation Measure. 95% of the funds from Measure D go directly to the cities and the County to pay for critical road repair projects. The other 5% is set aside for regional projects.

The Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund is used to account for local transportation projects which are funded in whole or in part through State and/or Federal funding sources specific to the transportation projects(s).

E. Fund Accounting (Continued)

The City reported the following major proprietary funds:

The **Water Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water treatment and distribution system. Revenues are primarily user charges. Rates are set periodically by the City Council.

The **Sewer Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment plant and collection facilities.

The **Solid Waste Fund** is used to account for residential and commercial garbage collection and disposal.

Additionally, the City reported the following fund type:

The **Private-Purpose Trust Funds** are used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency (former Redevelopment Agency).

F. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require all governmental funds to use the modified accrual basis of accounting and all proprietary fund types to use the accrual basis of accounting. The City of Holtville uses the modified cash basis of accounting for all fund types.

The modified cash basis of accounting recognizes all monies received as revenues at the time of receipt and all amounts paid as expenditures at the time of payment with the exception of the following:

- 1. Long-term notes and loans receivable are set up as assets and unearned revenue and note/loan payments received by the City are recorded as reductions of the asset and liability and program income when received.
- 2. Long term payables are set up as liabilities in the proprietary funds. Principal payments are recorded as reductions of the liabilities when made

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City is required by its municipal code to adopt an annual budget on or before June 30, which is the end of its fiscal year, for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during each fiscal year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer funds from one major expenditure category to another within the same department and fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended.

Budgeted revenue and expenditure amounts shown represent the City's originally-adopted budget adjusted for supplemental revenues and appropriations during the course of the fiscal year. Budget amounts, as adjusted, reported for the governmental funds of the City are adopted on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Budgets were not adopted for the Community Development Block Grant Fund, Home Grant Fund, FEMA Water Tank Fund, Homeland Security Fund, FEMA Fund, Façade Improvement Program Fund, CDBG Grant Sewer Study Fund or Business Assistance Loan Fund.

H. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not utilized by the City.

I. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. The City has adopted an investment policy which provides a means for investing the public funds held by the City. These investments are also allowed by the California Government Code.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are expensed when paid. This practice is contrary to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City does not maintain a complete accounting of capital assets. This practice is contrary to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

K. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include restricted and unrestricted cash.

L. Compensated Absences

Cash compensation for accrued vacation is generally not payable until the employee terminates employment with the City. Sick leave is only payable to management employees with ten years of service with the City. Cash compensation for unused sick leave is payable to a management employee only upon termination of employment with the City and the employee is compensated 25% of their accrued sick leave.

M. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Net Position and Fund Balance

In the Government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represent net position restricted by parties outside of the City (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments) and include unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets. All other net position is considered unrestricted.

At June 30, 2016, the City had recorded restricted net position in the Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities as follows:

	Governmental Activities			siness-type activities
Restricted for:				
Debt service	\$	-	\$	644,793
Community development		1,555,076		
HOME grant program		1,203,509		
Transportation		881,060		
Streets and roads		439,169		
Total Restricted	\$	4,078,814	\$	644,793

O. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available.

Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

				Community								
			De	evelopment Block	ŀ	Home Grant	Local Transit					
			Gran	nt Special Revenue	Spe	ecial Revenue	Authority Special	Lo	ocal Transportation		Nonmajor	
Fund Balances	Ge	eneral Fund		Fund		Fund	Revenue Fund	Spe	ecial Revenue Fund	Go	vernmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:	_											
Prepaids	\$	12,400	\$	106,705	\$	-	\$ -	\$	=	\$	- \$	119,105
Total Nonspendable		12,400		106,705								119,105
Restricted for:												
Community Development				481,599		209						481,808
Transportation							881,060					881,060
Streets and Roads											439,169	439,169
Total Restricted				481,599		209	881,060				439,169	1,802,037
Unassigned		1,628,118		•			•		(352,309)		(23,799)	1,252,010
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,640,518	\$	588,304	\$	209	\$ 881,060	\$	(352,309)	\$	415,370 \$	3,173,152

P. New Accounting Pronouncement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Applications. This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the definition of fair value for financial reporting purposes, establishing general principles for measuring fair value, providing additional fair value application guidance, and enhancing disclosures about fair value measurements. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 did have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, see Note 4.

Q. Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statements listed below will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 74	"Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Plans Other Than Pension Plans"	The provision of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.
Statement No. 75	"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"	The provision of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
Statement No. 77	"Tax Abatement Disclosures"	The provision of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.
Statement No. 78	"Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans"	The provision of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.
Statement No. 79	"Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants"	The provision of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.

Q. Future Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statements listed below will be implemented in future financial statements (continued):

Statement No. 80	"Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14"	The provision of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.
Statement No. 81	"Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements"	The provision of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.
Statement No. 82	"Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73"	The provision of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

R. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 65 the City recognizes deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Note 14 for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows of resources that the City has recognized.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 65 the City recognizes deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of fund balance by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Note 7 for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows of resources that the City has recognized.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance of total governmental funds and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of the reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities" are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The details of this difference are as follows:

Long-Term Debt Obligations	
Compensated Absences	\$ 60,498
Claims Payable	 231,286
	\$ 291,784

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balances and Net Position

Deficit net position of \$4,117,176, \$2,528,624, and \$80,990 exist in the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Solid Waste Fund, respectively. These deficits are due to the City not capitalizing capital outlay expenses in the Enterprise Funds. There are also deficit fund balances of \$352,309, \$2,661, \$13,461, and \$7,677 in the Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund, Façade Improvement Program Special Revenue Fund, CDBG Grant Sewer Study Special Revenue Fund, and Business Assistance Loan Special Revenue Fund. The deficits are due to the City paying expenditures in advance of receiving revenues. The majority of these deficits are going to be repaid once reimbursements are received from the grantor, and if there are any outstanding deficits after the repayments, the General Fund should cover these deficits when the fund is closed out.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in departments/cost centers of individual funds are as follows:

FUND	APPROP	RIATIONS	EXPENDITURES		E	EXCESS
Major Funds:				_		
General:						
General government	\$	766,251	\$	996,658	\$	230,407
Public safety		1,412,821		1,485,276		72,455
Public works		355,886		368,305		12,419

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are reported as follows in the Statement of Net Position Arising from Cash Transactions:

Statement of Net Position: Cash and investments	¢	5 021 977
	\$	5,031,877
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		320,750
Restricted cash and investments		324,043
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		271,791
Restricted cash and investments		2,848,480
Total	\$	8,796,941
Cash and investments held by the City at June 30, 2016 cons	isted	l of the following:
Cash on hand	\$	100
Cash deposits		4,730,773
Investments		4,066,068
Total	\$	8,796,941

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer		
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	\$50 million		
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None		
U.S. Government Agency Issues	5 years	None	None		
Insured Deposits with Banks and Savings	-				
and Loans	N/A	None	15%		
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	None	15%		
Bankers Acceptance (must be dollar					
denominated)	9 months	40%	15%		
Commercial Paper	6 months	15%	15%		
Negotiable Time Certificates of Deposit	5 years	25%	15%		
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	10%		
Time deposits	N/A	25%	15%		

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	\$50 million
Banker's Acceptances	270 days	40%	15%
Commercial Paper	180 days	15%	15%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	N/A	None	None
Money Market Accounts	N/A	None	None

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)										
Investment Type	Investment Type Totals		12 Months Or Less		13 to 24 Months		25-36 Months		37-48 Months		More Than 48 Months		
State Investment Pool Money Market Funds		102 31,724		102 531,724	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Certificates of Deposit Held by Bond trustees: Money Market Funds	,	44,462 89,780		247,513789,780		747,420	1,	240,689	2;	52,276	23	56,564	
-	\$ 4,00	66,068	\$ 1,	569,119	\$	747,420	\$ 1,	240,689	\$ 23	52,276	\$ 25	56,564	

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

					Rating as of Fiscal Year End							
		Minimum	Ex	Exempt							_	
		Legal	F	rom							Not	
Investment Type	Amount	Rating	Disclosure			AAA		AA	A		Rated	
									•			
State Investment Pool	\$ 102	N/A	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	102	
Money Market Funds	531,724	N/A									531,724	
Certificates of Deposit	2,744,462	N/A						246,678	1,253,465		1,244,319	
Held by bond trustees:												
Money Market Funds	789,780	N/A				789,780						
Total	\$4,066,068	-	\$	-	\$	789,780	\$	246,678	\$ 1,253,465	\$	1,776,145	

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There was no investment in any one issuer (other than money market funds and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of total City investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2016, \$4,059,750 of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets;
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered active; and,
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016

		Fair Value Measurement Using								
		Quoted Prices in								
		Active Markets		Significant Other		Signif	icant Other			
		fo	r Identical	Obs	ervable	Uno	bservable			
Investment by Fair Value	Total	Ass	Assets (Level 1)		Inputs (Level 2)		s (Level 3)			
Debt Securities			_							
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 2,744,462	\$	2,744,462	\$	-	\$				
Total	\$ 2,744,462	\$	2,744,462	\$	-	\$	-			

NOTE 5 – LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

Program loans receivable represent Housing Rehabilitation and Business Program loans, which were assigned to the City. The loans are secured by deeds of trust, which attach to the property until title to the property is transferred. Most of these loans are deferred, but there are a few that require monthly payments. Interest rates vary from 0% to 4%. The housing rehabilitation loans receivable total is \$2,269,166 as of June 30, 2016. \$12,400 is recorded in the General Fund for one of these loans receivable.

The City loaned Business Program loans to various business owners within the City. As of June 30, 2016, there is only one Business Program loan still outstanding. This loan is secured by a deed of trust. The terms of the loan call for monthly payments with an interest rate of 6%. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 is \$20,011.

On September 1, 2003, the City loaned Holtville Gardens, L.P. \$3,000,000 as part of the State of California HOME Investment Partnership Program to aid in the development and construction of an 81-unit apartment complex located at 950 Holt Avenue in the City of Holtville.

The terms of the loan call for Holtville Gardens to make annual payments in the amount of 50% of the "Distributable Cash Flow" from the project within ninety (90) days following the end of each calendar year, with respect to the preceding year. The entire amount of the outstanding principal, with the accrued interest at 1%, shall be due and payable in fifty-five (55) years from September 1, 2003. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 is \$3,376,904. The fund financial statements reflect deferred revenue in the amount of \$3,376,904 to offset this note receivable, which includes interest. On the statement of net position the City has set up an allowance of \$3,376,904 as of June 30, 2016.

NOTE 5 – LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

On May 9, 2005, the former Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund loaned Holtville Gardens, L.P. \$200,000 to aid in the development and construction of an 81-unit apartment complex located at 950 Holt Avenue in the city of Holtville. The terms of the loan call for Holtville Gardens to make annual payments in the amount of 50% of the Distributable Cash Flow" from the project within ninety (90) days following the end of each calendar year, with respect to the preceding year. The entire amount of the outstanding principal, with the accrued interest at 5%, shall be due and payable in full thirty (30) years from May 9, 2005. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 was \$ 310,000.

Total program loans receivable outstanding at June 30, 2016 is \$5,976,081, and the fund financial statements reflect deferred inflows of resources of \$5,856,976 to offset the deferred portion of these loans receivable.

NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level, and consist of secured, unsecured, and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices relating to property taxes.

Property Valuations - are established by the Assessor of the County of Imperial for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls; the utility property tax roll is valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution (Proposition 13 adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978), properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2%. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax Levies - are limited to 1% of full value which results in a tax rate of \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation, under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

Tax Levy Dates - are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends on June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

Tax Collections - are the responsibility of the county tax collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments: the first is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments.

Tax Levy Apportionments - Due to the nature of the City-wide maximum levy, it is not possible to identify general purpose tax rates for specific entities. Under state legislation adopted subsequent to the passage of Proposition 13, apportionments to local agencies are made by the county auditor-controller based primarily on the ratio that each agency represented of the total City-wide levy for the three years prior to fiscal year 1979.

NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Property Tax Administration Fees - The State of California FY 90-91 Budget Act authorized counties to collect an administrative fee for collection and distribution of property taxes. Property taxes are recorded net of administrative fees withheld during the fiscal year.

NOTE 7 – DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

At June 30, 2016, components of deferred inflows of resources – note receivable reported in the fund financial statements were \$966,772 and \$4,580,204 in the Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund and Home Grant Special Revenue Fund, respectively.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Business-type Activities

1999 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds

On February 1, 1999, the Holtville Financing Authority issued \$4,380,000 of 1999 Revenue Refunding Bonds for the purpose of enabling the Authority to defease the 1991 Revenue Bonds, to fund a reserve account for the bonds, and to pay bond issuance costs.

The bonds are payable from revenues consisting primarily of installment payments, which amounts are designed to be sufficient in both time and amount to pay, when due, the principal and interest payable with respect to the bonds. In the Installment Sale Agreement, the City covenants to fix, prescribe, revise, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the service and facilities furnished by the Water Enterprise during each fiscal year, which are at least sufficient to pay for all operation and maintenance costs of the Water Enterprise, the installment payments, and amounts required to restore the balance in the bond reserve account to its reserve requirement.

The 1999 Water Refunding Bonds are serviced by a lien on the gross revenues from water service charges and are not subject to the limit on bonded debt.

The refunding bond issue matures from December 1, 2002 to December 1, 2021 with interest rates from 3.75% to 5.00%. The future debt service requirements on the 1999 series Water Revenue Refunding Bonds are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total				
2017	\$ 240,000	\$	74,750	\$	314,750			
2018	250,000		62,500		312,500			
2019	260,000		49,750		309,750			
2020	275,000		36,375		311,375			
2021	285,000		22,375		307,375			
2022	305,000		7,625		312,625			
	\$ 1,615,000	\$	253,375	\$	1,868,375			

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Business-type Activities (Continued)

2009A and 2009B Water Revenue Bonds (USDA)

On July 1, 2009, the Holtville Public Financing Authority issued Water Revenue Bonds (USDA), Series A, in the amount of \$3,401,000 and Water Revenue Bonds (USDA), Series B, in the amount of \$833,000.

The bonds are payable from monies to be derived from installment payments, to be made by the City from net revenues of the water system, which amounts are designed to be sufficient in both time and amount to pay, when due, the principal and interest payable with respect to the bonds. In the Installment Sale Agreement, the City covenants to fix, prescribe, revise, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the service and facilities furnished by the Water Enterprise during each fiscal year, which are at least sufficient to pay for all operation and maintenance costs of the Water Enterprise and the installment payments.

The 2009A and 2009B Water Revenue Bonds are serviced by a lien on the gross revenues from water service charges and are not subject to the limit on bonded debt.

The 2009A bond issue matures each July 1 beginning in 2010 with final maturity in the fiscal year 2049. The interest rate is 4.25%. Future minimum debt service payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Interest	Total
2017	\$	43,000	\$	134,428	\$ 177,428
2018		45,000		132,188	177,188
2019		47,000		130,233	177,233
2020		49,000		128,193	177,193
2021		51,000		126,416	177,416
2022-2026		290,000		595,442	885,442
2027-2031		357,000		526,912	883,912
2032-2036		440,000		442,436	882,436
2037-2041		543,000		338,482	881,482
2042-2046		668,000		209,941	877,941
2047-2050		643,000		56,005	699,005
	\$	3,176,000	\$	2,820,676	\$ 5,996,676

The 2009B bond issue matures each July 1 beginning in 2010 with final maturity in the fiscal year 2026. The interest rate is 2.625%. Future minimum debt service payments are as follows:

n		т			Т-4-1
P	Tincipai	1	merest		Total
\$	14,000	\$	3,826	\$	17,826
	14,000		3,448		17,448
	14,000		3,080		17,080
	15,000		2,699		17,699
	15,000		2,313		17,313
	80,399		5,210		85,609
\$	152,399	\$	20,576	\$	172,975
		14,000 14,000 15,000 15,000 80,399	\$ 14,000 \$ 14,000 14,000 15,000 15,000 80,399	\$ 14,000 \$ 3,826 14,000 3,448 14,000 3,080 15,000 2,699 15,000 2,313 80,399 5,210	\$ 14,000 \$ 3,826 \$ 14,000 3,448 14,000 3,080 15,000 2,699 15,000 2,313 80,399 5,210

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Business-type Activities (Continued)

2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds

On December 9, 2013, the City issued \$4,500,000 of 2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds (USDA) for the purpose of refunding the 2003 Sewer Revenue Bonds and 2011 Subordinate Sewer Revenue Notes, to provide a portion of the financing cost of the Outfall Main Project, and pay the costs of issuance. The outstanding principal balance at June 30, 2016 is \$4,346,000.

The bonds are payable from monies to be derived from installment payments, to be made by the City from net revenues of the sewer system, which amounts are designed to be sufficient in both time and amount to pay, when due, the principal and interest payable with respect to the bonds. In the Installment Sale Agreement, the City covenants to fix, prescribe, revise, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the service and facilities furnished by the Sewer Enterprise during each fiscal year, which are at least sufficient to pay for all operation and maintenance costs of the Sewer Enterprise and the installment payments.

The 2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds are serviced by a lien on the gross revenues from sewer service charges and are not subject to the limit on bonded debt.

Interest on the 2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds is 2% and repayments commence December 1, 2014 with final maturity on December 1, 2052. Future minimum debt service payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principa	ıl	Interest	Total			
2017	\$ 80,0	000 \$	86,120	\$	166,120		
2018	82,0		84,500	,	166,500		
2019	83,5		82,845		166,345		
2020	85,0	000	81,160		166,160		
2021	87,0	000	79,440		166,440		
2022-2026	461,2	250	370,160		831,410		
2027-2031	510,0	000	321,630		831,630		
2032-2036	563,0	000	268,030		831,030		
2037-2041	623,2	250	208,773		832,023		
2042-2046	688,0	000	143,220		831,220		
2047-2051	760,0	000	70,858		830,858		
2052-2053	323,0	000	6,480	1	329,480		
	\$ 4,346,0	900 \$	1,803,216	\$	6,149,216		

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. The following is a summary of Long-Term Debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

Governmental activities	Balance ly 1, 2015	Additions		Deletions		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2016	Due in one year	
Compensated absences Claims payable	\$ 42,237 131,439	\$	37,268 467,683	\$	19,007 367,836	\$	60,498 231,286	\$	27,224
	\$ 173,676	\$	504,951	\$	386,843	\$	291,784	\$	27,224
Business-type activities									
Compensated absences 1999 Water Revenue	\$ 73,399	\$	9,121	\$	7,340	\$	75,180	\$	7,518
Refunding Bonds	1,840,000				225,000		1,615,000		240,000
2009A Water Revenue Bonds	3,217,000				41,000		3,176,000		43,000
2009B Water Revenue Bonds	165,399				13,000		152,399		14,000
2013 Sewer Revenue Bonds	 4,425,000				79,000		4,346,000		80,000
	\$ 9,720,798	\$	9,121	\$	365,340	\$	9,364,579	\$	384,518

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. Normally, these balances occur as a result of expenditures/ expenses being paid prior to receiving revenue which causes a deficit in pooled cash.

A. Due to/from other funds

Receivables and payables between funds are classified as due from or due to other funds. Due from and due to other funds are usually a result of a shortfall of pooled cash within the respective fund.

	_	nterfund eceivables	Interfund Payables		
Governmental Funds:					
Major Funds:					
General	\$	376,108	\$	43,249	
Local Transportation				352,309	
Nonmajor Funds:					
Special Revenue Funds:					
Façade Improvement Program				2,661	
CDBG Grant Sewer Study				13,461	
Business Assistance Loan				7,677	
Proprietary Funds:					
Major Funds:					
Water		43,249			
Sewer		80,990			
Solid Waste				80,990	
	\$	500,347	\$	500,347	

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

B. Interfund transfers

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, reimbursement of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues.

Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	<u>Tr</u>	Transfers In		nsfers Out
Governmental Funds:				
Major Funds:				
General	\$	550,564	\$	42,956
Home Grant		2		
Local Transit Authority		40,025		181,614
Local Tranportation		31,614		
Nonmajor Funds:				
Special Revenue Funds:				
Gas Tax		22,597		150,000
Homeland Security		9,414		
FEMA		10,943		
Prop 42 Transportation				40,589
Proprietary Funds:				
Major Funds:				
Water				25,000
Sewer				225,000
	\$	665,159	\$	665,159

NOTE 10 – SELF-FUNDED INSURANCE COVERAGE

The City provides for workers' compensation and liability insurance through a self-funded joint powers agency, Public Entity Risk Management Authority (PERMA), formerly Coachella Valley Joint Powers Insurance Authority. The PERMA accounts are separately maintained for each participant. The City's share of retained earnings of the liability fund is \$0 and \$603,040 for the workers' compensation fund.

Summary financial information for the funds of the PERMA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Workers' Compensation	Liability			
Total assets Total liabilities Net position Total revenues Total expenditures	\$ 19,178,987 17,460,121 1,718,866 2,945,293 3,269,617	\$ 22,377,077 4,755,927 17,621,150 6,334,386 4,949,224			
Net increase (decrease) in net position	(324,324)	1,385,162			

NOTE 10 – SELF-FUNDED INSURANCE COVERAGE (CONTINUED)

Claims, expenditures, and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Those losses do include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. At June 30, 2016, the amount of these liabilities was \$231,286. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information.

The separate financial statements of PERMA may be obtained by writing: PERMA, 77-670 Springfield Lane, Suite 1A, Palm Desert, CA, 92211, or phone (760) 360-3264.

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City of Holtville has a deferred compensation plan for its employees in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Plan participation is available to substantially all employees and includes that portion of an employee's regular compensation designated by the employee for deferral up to a maximum of \$18,000 or one-third of a participant's annual compensation, whichever is lesser. The compensation which is deferred is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 12 – PENSION TRUST FUND - RETIREMENT PLAN

The City converted its Money Purchase Plan to a Profit Sharing Plan. The Plan is a "salary reduction plan" under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The plan provides for mandatory employee contributions of 3 percent of compensation. The City's contributions are 10 percent of covered compensation. Employees are fully vested at 7 years of service.

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The City has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

The City is involved in pending lawsuits of a nature common to many similar jurisdictions. City management estimates the potential claims against the City, not covered by insurance, will be immaterial to the financial statements.

Proposition 218, which was approved by the voters in November 1996, will regulate the City's ability to impose, increase, and extend taxes, assessments, and fees. Any new, increased, or extended taxes, assessments, and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments, and fees are subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in the future by voters. Therefore, the City's ability to finance the services for which the taxes, assessments, and fees were imposed may be significantly impaired. At this time, it is uncertain how Proposition 218 will affect the City's ability to maintain or increase the revenue from taxes, assessments, and fees.

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

On January 20, 2011, a Settlement Agreement and Stipulation for entry of Administrative Civil Liability Order (Order) was entered into by and between the Regional Water Quality Control Board (Board) and the City of Holtville (City). The Order was for a total amount of \$79,828, which included \$63,000 in mandatory minimum penalties, \$10,828 in discretionary civil liabilities, and staff costs of \$6,000. The City paid \$16,828 in April 2011. Continued communication between the Board and the City, along with meeting milestones toward completion, will allow for the remaining \$63,000 to be suspended pending completion of the Compliance Project by December 31, 2016.

Due to a lawsuit against the City, the case was affirmed in favor of the City, except for an award of attorney fees and costs against the City, in favor of another defendant. The judgement is in the amount of \$323,350 as of June 14, 2016. The City's motion to pay in installments over a 10 year period will be heard on February 16, 2017.

NOTE 14 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY:

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Holtville that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or other unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets units they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 9, 2012, the City elected to become the Successor Agency for the former Holtville Redevelopment Agency.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence as the date of the dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs that State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the state Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

NOTE 14 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED):

On June 1, 2005, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned the 99 Cent Plus Center \$120,000. The terms of the loan call for the 99 Cent Plus Center to make monthly payments of \$1,013 for 15 years, with an interest rate of 6%. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 was \$46,792.

The former Redevelopment Agency recorded a deferred loss on refunding from the issuance of its 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$120,952. The amortization period is 360 months, and accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2016 was \$34,943.

As of June 30, 2016, the Successor Agency held land in the amount of \$437,894 which consisted of vacant land purchased in December 2007 that was originally intended to be sold for future development.

Accounting gains or losses resulting from advance refunding of long-term debt is deferred in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23 and No. 65 Deferred amount on bond refunding are amortized over the shorter of the life of the new debt or refunded debt. The deferred loss on refunding balance at June 30, 2016 was \$86,009 on the Statement of Net Position Arising from Cash Transactions for Private-Purpose Trust Fund related to the 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds.

Long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

2007 Tax Allocation Bonds - Former Community Development Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

On October 31, 2007, the Redevelopment Agency issued Holtville Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2007, in an amount of \$6,990,000.

The bonds were issued to (a) refund the 1993 Tax Allocation Bonds, (b) fund a reserve fund, and (c) pay certain costs in connection therewith.

The Bonds mature annually each November 1 from 2008 to 2037, in amounts ranging from \$125,000 to \$445,000 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.40%. Interest is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1.

The Bonds maturing November 1, 2018 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity, at the option of the Agency, as a whole or in part on any date, from any source of available funds on or after November 1, 2017 at the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium.

NOTE 14 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED):

2007 Tax Allocation Bonds - Former Community Development Agency Tax Allocation Bonds (Continued)

The Bonds maturing on November 1, 2027 and November 1, 2037 are subject to mandatory redemption by lot prior to maturity from mandatory sinking account installments on each November 1 at the principal amount thereof and accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption, without premium. In lieu of mandatory sinking account redemption, the Indenture permits the purchase of Term Bonds on the open market. The par amount of Term Bonds so purchased by the Agency and surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation in any 12-month period ending thirty (30) days prior to any November 1 in any year shall be credited toward and shall reduce the principal amount of Bonds required to be redeemed on the following November 1.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity, for the 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Endi June 30,	ng		Principal		Interes	n#	,	Total		
2017		\$ 155,000		<u> </u>			_	464,882		
2017		Ψ	160,000		•	09,882 02,630		462,636		
2019			165,000			95,03		460,038		
2020			175,000)	28	86,96	0	461,960		
2021			185,000)	2	78,22	8	463,228		
2022-2026		1,070,000			1,23	36,12	6	2,306,126		
2027-2031			1,380,000)	9:	12,89	5	2,292,895		
2032-2036			1,800,000)	48	87,35	0	2,287,350		
2037-2038		865,000			4	47,38	5	912,385		
		\$	5,955,000)	\$ 4,156,50		\$ 10,111,500			
	Balance July 1, 2015	Ac	lditions	Ι	Deletions		Balance ne 30, 2016	Due in one year		
2007 Toy Allogation Dands	¢ 6 100 000	•		¢	1.45.000					
2007 Tax Allocation Bonds	\$ 6,100,000	\$		\$	145,000	\$	5,955,000	\$ 155,000		
	\$ 6,100,000	\$	-	\$	145,000	\$	5,955,000	\$ 155,000		

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 8, 2016, the City Council approved a contract with Development Design & Engineering, Inc. for construction services for the Ninth Street Palm to Olive Improvement Project, in the amount of \$52,765.

On September 12, 2016, the City Council approved a contract with Dynamic Consulting Engineers of Imperial for design engineering services for the Sixth Street segment from Melon Avenue to Holt Avenue Project, in the amount of \$52,392.

On November 14, 2016, the City Council approved an extension for the construction contract with Pacific Hydrotech Corporation for construction activities associated the Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvement Project, which would result in additional compensation not to exceed \$170,000.

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

On December 12, 2016, the City Council approved a grant agreement with the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation, to hire contractors for construction services for the Holtville-Alamo River Wetlands Construction Project, in the amount of \$2,966,000.

NOTE 16 – FINANCIAL CONDITION

The City's business-type activities net position has a deficit of \$6,726,790 at June 30, 2016, which includes deficit net position of \$4,117,176 in the Water Fund, \$2,528,64 in the Sewer Fund, and \$80,990 in the Solid Waste Fund. As of June 30, 2016, the City's General Fund had temporarily loaned \$376,108 to other funds that had negative cash balances as of June 30, 2016, and the Sewer Fund had temporarily loaned \$80,990 to the Solid Waste Fund which had negative cash as of June 30, 2016. Continued deficits and negative cash balances can result in a going concern and compliance issues with debt covenants. Additionally, future capital improvements and operations could be affected if continued deficits occur.

NOTE 17 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A prior period adjustment of \$300,000 in the Statement of Activities – governmental activities was made, due to an understatement of loans receivable in the prior fiscal year.

A prior period adjustment of \$2,335,348 was made in the RDA Successor Agency Fund Private-Purpose Trust Fund, due to an understatement of restricted cash and investments in the prior fiscal year.

A prior period adjustment of \$2,635,348 was made in the RDA Low/Mod Successor Agency Fund Private-Purpose Trust Fund, due to an overstatement of notes receivable of \$30,000 and an overstatement of restricted cash and investments in the prior fiscal year.

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CITY OF HOLTVILLE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		W I P	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Collected									
Taxes:									
Secured and unsecured property taxes	\$	112,700	\$	112,450	\$	106,256	\$	(6,194)	
Utility users taxes		446,500		446,500		479,255		32,755	
Sales and use taxes		370,000		370,000		380,815		10,815	
Franchise taxes		94,000		94,000		124,239		30,239	
Other taxes		32,100		32,100		32,460		360	
Licenses and permits		625		625		6,895		6,270	
Fines and penalties		2,800		2,800		1,014		(1,786)	
Investment revenue collected		8,300		8,300		9,536		1,236	
Intergovernmental revenue collected		858,692		858,692		857,953		(739)	
Charges for current services		73,300		73,300		114,211		40,911	
Contributions from private-purpose trust fund		125,000		125,000		241,000		116,000	
Other revenues collected		36,250		36,250		828,042		791,792	
Total revenues collected		2,160,267		2,160,017		3,181,676	1	,021,659	
Expenditures Paid									
General Government:									
City council		37,322		37,322		33,885		3,437	
City manager		232,904		232,904		241,935		(9,031)	
Planning		77,920		77,920		94,282		(16,362)	
Engineering		30,000		30,000		9,145		20,855	
City clerk		21,665		21,665		18,185		3,480	
Finance office		153,615		153,615		148,131		5,484	
City treasurer		1,925		1,925		1,463		462	
City attorney		80,000		80,000		106,045		(26,045)	
Non-departmental		130,900		130,900		123,900		7,000	
Total general government		766,251		766,251		776,971		(10,720)	
Public Safety:									
Police department		818,550		818,550		869,486		(50,936)	
Dispatch services		114,100		114,100		101,712		12,388	
Animal control		15,772		15,772		16,148		(376)	
Fire department		464,399		464,399		497,930		(33,531)	
Total public safety		1,412,821		1,412,821		1,485,276		(72,455)	
								·	

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Expenditures Paid (continued)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	W	Variance Vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
Public Works:					
Street maintenance	\$ 121,767	\$ 121,767	\$ 157,258	\$	(35,491)
Parks maintenance	164,869	164,869	140,268	·	24,601
Building maintenance	 69,250	 69,250	70,779		(1,529)
Total public works	 355,886	355,886	368,305		(12,419)
Total expenditures paid	2,534,958	 2,534,958	 2,630,552		(95,594)
Excess of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures paid	 (374,691)	 (374,941)	551,124		926,065
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	550,000	550,000	550,564		564
Transfers out	 	 	(42,956)		(42,956)
Total other financing sources (uses)	550,000	 550,000	507,608		(42,392)
Net changes in fund balances before Extraordinary Items	175,309	175,059	1,058,732		883,673
Extraordinary Item					
Loss on transfer of assets and liabilities					
to RDA successor trust funds	 	 	(219,687)		(219,687)
Net changes in fund balances	175,309	175,059	839,045		663,986
Fund balance - July 1, 2015	801,473	 801,473	801,473		
Fund balance - June 30, 2016	\$ 976,782	\$ 976,532	\$ 1,640,518	\$	663,986

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	,	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	W	Variance Vith Final Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues Collected:						
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 348	\$	348
Intergovernmental		475,000	475,000	 468,751		(6,249)
Total revenues collected		475,000	 475,000	469,099		(5,901)
Expenditures Paid:						
Capital outlay		154,380	 154,380	 60		154,320
Total expenditures paid		154,380	154,380	60		154,320
Excess of revenues collected over						
(under) expenditures paid		320,620	320,620	469,039		148,419
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in				40,025		40,025
Transfers out		(150,000)	 (150,000)	 (181,614)		(31,614)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(150,000)	(150,000)	 (141,589)		8,411
Net change in fund balance		170,620	170,620	327,450		156,830
Fund balance, July 1, 2015		553,610	553,610	 553,610		
Fund balance, June 30, 2016	\$	724,230	\$ 724,230	\$ 881,060	\$	156,830

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	W	Variance Vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues Collected:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 932,587	\$ 932,587	\$ 820,447	\$	(112,140)
Total revenues collected	 932,587	 932,587	 820,447		(112,140)
Expenditures Paid:					
Capital outlay	932,587	 932,587	313,265		619,322
Total expenditures paid	932,587	 932,587	 313,265		619,322
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures paid			507,182		507,182
Net change in fund balance			538,796		538,796
Fund balance (deficit), July 1, 2015	 (891,105)	 (891,105)	 (891,105)		
Fund balance (deficit), June 30, 2016	\$ (891,105)	\$ (891,105)	\$ (352,309)	\$	538,796

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June $30,\,2016$

	Special Revenue Funds								
A CODETE	Gas Tax Fund		B	ikepath Fund	S	omeland ecurity Fund		FEMA Fund	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Notes receivable	\$	412,599	\$	26,570	\$	-	\$	-	
Total assets	\$	412,599	\$	26,570	\$	-	\$	-	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total liabilities									
Fund Balances:									
Restricted Unassigned		412,599		26,570					
Total fund balances (deficit)		412,599		26,570					
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	412,599	\$	26,570	\$	-	\$		

		S	Special F	Revenue Funds						
Façade Improvement Program Fund	nt Prop 42 Transportation Fund			CDBG ant Sewer Study Fund	As	usiness sistance Loan Fund	.ow/Mod Housing Fund	Totals		
Tund		unu		Tunu		Tuna	Tuna		Totals	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 310,000	\$	439,169 310,000	
\$ 	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ 310,000	\$	749,169	
\$ 2,661	\$	-	\$	13,461	\$	7,677	\$ 310,000	\$	23,799 310,000	
2,661				13,461		7,677	310,000		333,799	
(2,661)				(13,461)		(7,677)			439,169 (23,799)	
(2,661)	1		-	(13,461)		(7,677)	 _		415,370	
\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 310,000	\$	749,169	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds									
	(Gas Tax Fund	В	ikepath Fund	Se	meland curity Fund	FEMA Fund			
Revenues Collected: Taxes and other assessments Investment earnings Intergovernmental	\$	137,274 378	\$	26,930	\$	-		-		
Total revenues collected		137,652		26,930						
Expenditures Paid: Public safety Public works Capital outlay										
Total expenditures paid										
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures paid		137,652		26,930						
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		22,597 (150,000)				9,414		10,943		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(127,403)				9,414		10,943		
Net changes in fund balances		10,249		26,930		9,414		10,943		
Fund balances (deficit), July 1, 2015		402,350		(360)		(9,414)		(10,943)		
Prior period adjustments										
Fund balances (deficit), July 1, 2015, restated		402,350		(360)		(9,414)		(10,943)		
Fund balances (deficit), June 30, 2016	\$	412,599	\$	26,570	\$	-	\$	-		

_			Special	Revenue Fund				•	
	Façade	D 42	0	CDBG rant Sewer		usiness	T 0.5 1		
_	rovement	Prop 42				ssistance	Low/Mod		
	rogram	Transportation		Study Fund		Loan	Housing		TD 4 1
	Fund	Fund				Fund	Fund		Totals
\$ -		\$ -	\$ - \$ 		\$	-	\$ -	\$	137,274 378 26,930
									164,582
								<u> </u>	
									164,582
		(40.590)	`						42,954
		(40,589)	<u> </u>						(190,589)
		(40,589)	<u> </u>					. <u> </u>	(147,635)
		(40,589))						16,947
	(2,661)	40,589		(13,461)		(7,677)			398,423
			_						
	(2,661)	40,589		(13,461)		(7,677)			398,423
\$	(2,661)	\$ -	\$	(13,461)	\$	(7,677)	\$ -	\$	415,370

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX FUND

	Final Budget			Actual		iance with al Budget Positive egative)
Revenues Collected:						
Taxes and other assessments	\$	146,257	\$	137,274	\$	(8,983)
Investment earnings		800		378		(422)
Total revenues collected		147,057		137,652		(9,405)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in				22,597		22,597
Transfers out		(150,000)		(150,000)		
Total of the Connection of the Connection		(150,000)		(127,402)	1	22.507
Total other financing sources (uses)		(150,000)		(127,403)		22,597
Net change in fund balance		(2,943)		10,249		13,192
Fund balance, July 1, 2015		402,350		402,350		
Fund balance, June 30, 2016	\$	399,407	\$	412,599	\$	13,192

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BIKEPATH FUND

	Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Collected:							
Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	26,930	\$	16,930	
Total revenues collected		10,000		26,930		16,930	
Net change in fund balance		10,000		26,930		16,930	
Fund balance (deficit), July 1, 2015		(360)		(360)			
Fund balance, June 30, 2016	\$	9,640	\$	26,570	\$	16,930	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROP 42 TRANSPORTATION FUND

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out	\$		\$	(40,589)	\$	(40,589)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(40,589)		(40,589)
Net change in fund balance				(40,589)		(40,589)
Fund balance, July 1, 2015		40,589		40,589		_
Fund balance, June 30, 2016	\$	40,589	\$	-	\$	(40,589)



PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2016

	RDA Low/Mod Successor Agency Fund	RDA Successor Agency Fund	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Restricted cash and investments Notes receivable Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ -	\$ 469,061 2,651,210 46,792 437,894	\$ 469,061 2,651,210 46,792 437,894
Total assets		3,604,957	3,604,957
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred loss on bond refunding		86,009	86,009
Total deferred outflows of resources		86,009	86,009
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		3,690,966	3,690,966
LIABILITIES			
Long-term debt, due within one year Long-term debt, due in more than one year		155,000 5,800,000	155,000 5,800,000
Total liabilities		5,955,000	5,955,000
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Unrestricted		(2,264,034)	(2,264,034)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ -	\$ (2,264,034)	\$ (2,264,034)

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	RDA Low/Mod Successor Agency Fund	RDA Successor Agency Fund	Totals		
Additions:	<u></u> -				
Investment revenue	\$ -	\$ 44,093	\$ 44,093		
Tax and assessments		669,177	669,177		
Forgiveness of uncollectible debt		219,687	219,687		
Total Additions		932,957	932,957		
Deductions:					
Administration		243,885	243,885		
Interest expense		316,595	316,595		
Amortization expense		4,032	4,032		
Total deductions		564,512	564,512		
Change in net position		368,445	368,445		
Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2015	2,635,348	(4,967,827)	(2,332,479)		
Prior Period Adjustments	(2,635,348)	2,335,348	(300,000)		
Net Position - July 1, 2015, Restated		(2,632,479)	(2,632,479)		
Net Position (Deficit) - June 30, 2016	\$ -	\$ (2,264,034)	\$ (2,264,034)		